PREA Facility Audit Report: Final

Name of Facility: Bridgeport Correctional Center

Facility Type: Prison / Jail

Date Interim Report Submitted: NA

Date Final Report Submitted: 09/07/2021

Auditor Certification			
The contents of this report are accurate to the best of my knowledge.		V	
No conflict of interest exists with respect to my ability to conduct an audit of the agency under review.		V	
I have not included in the final report any personally identifiable information (PII) about any inmate/resident/detainee or staff member, except where the names of administrative personnel are specifically requested in the report template.		V	
Auditor Full Name as Signed: Robert Manville Date of Signature: 09/07/2021			

AUDITOR INFORMATION	
Auditor name: Manville, Robert	
Email: robertmanville9@gmail.com	
Start Date of On-Site Audit:	07/13/2021
End Date of On-Site Audit:	07/14/2021

FACILITY INFORMATION		
Facility name:	Bridgeport Correctional Center	
Facility physical address:	4000 N 10th Street, Bridgeport, Texas - 76426	
Facility Phone		
Facility mailing address:		

Primary Contact				
Name:	Joshuwa			
Email Address:	joshuwa.dotson@mtctrains.com			
Telephone Number:	940-683-3010			

Warden/Jail Administrator/Sheriff/Director		
Name:	Linda Thomas	
Email Address:	linda.thomas@mtctrains.com	
Telephone Number:	940-683-3010	

Facility PREA Compliance Manager				
Name:	Michele Coffin			
Email Address:	michele.coffin@mtctrains.com			
Telephone Number:	O: (936) 676-8230			
Name:	Joshuwa Dotson			
Email Address:	joshuwa.dotson@mtctrains.com			
Telephone Number:	O: 940-683-3010			

Facility Health Service Administrator On-site				
Name:	Patricia Outlaw			
Email Address:	paoutlaw@UTMB.EDU			
Telephone Number:	940-683-3010			

Facility Characteristics		
Designed facility capacity:	524	
Current population of facility:	472	
Average daily population for the past 12 months:	493	
Has the facility been over capacity at any point in the past 12 months?	No	
Which population(s) does the facility hold?	Males	
Age range of population:	18-100	
Facility security levels/inmate custody levels:	Minimum	
Does the facility hold youthful inmates?	No	
Number of staff currently employed at the facility who may have contact with inmates:	81	
Number of individual contractors who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:	0	
Number of volunteers who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:	34	

AGENCY INFORMATION			
Name of agency:	Management & Training Corporation, Inc.		
Governing authority or parent agency (if applicable):			
Physical Address:	500 N. Marketplace Drive, Centerville, Utah - 84014		
Mailing Address:			
Telephone number:	801-693-2600		

Agency Chief Executive Officer Information:			
Name:	Scott Marquardt		
Email Address:			
Telephone Number:			

Agency-Wide PREA Coordinator Information			
Name:	Heather Manuz	Email Address:	heathermanuz@gmail.com

AUDIT FINDINGS

Narrative:

The auditor's description of the audit methodology should include a detailed description of the following processes during the pre-audit, on-site audit, and post-audit phases: documents and files reviewed, discussions and types of interviews conducted, number of days spent on-site, observations made during the site-review, and a detailed description of any follow-up work conducted during the post-audit phase. The narrative should describe the techniques the auditor used to sample documentation and select interviewees, and the auditor's process for the site review.

Management and Training Corporation entered a contract for the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) auditing services with Corrections Management and Communication Group. The primary sole auditor is Robert Manville, and no conflict of interest exists between the two parties. The contract explained the efforts toward transparency, the role of third parties and support staff, compliance considerations regarding the PREA Standards, Department of Justice certification requirements, enough time to conduct the audit, and planning for any corrective action phases. The agency and contracting staff determined that the agency would utilize Online Audit System portal for completion of the audit. The agency documents and the auditor documentation were uploaded on the PREA OAS system. The OAS system is a secure software platform that will prevent the transfer of personally identifiable information and provide the user to have the ability to upload documents and retain the documentation for future use. Prior to the on-site visit, the PREA Coordinator and facility staff uploaded agency and institution policies and supporting documentation, including the completed Pre-Audit Questionnaire, administrative reports, contracts, incident reports, memorandums, brochures, staff rosters, staffing plans, training information, and other reference materials for examination on the OAS system. Policies and documentation are in the form of agency directives and policies. Institution Supplements (IS) are provided in the form of Facility Directives. Updates of the Pre audit questionnaire, investigations and Institutional Supplements were also discussed prior to the beginning of the audit. The auditor reviewed the agency website for PREA reports and updated policies. The facility posted the notice of upcoming audit and auditor address on June 3, 2021. This is the second posting as the original date of the audit was changed due to the pandemic.

The auditor reviewed the May 2018 Audit Report posted on the Agency website and notated all previously recommended corrective action responses. The website also included data collection reports from 2015 through 2020 and the auditor noted all statistical data throughout the review. A search of any litigations, facility information was also reviewed on a Google Search. A discussion was conducted by the PREA coordinator, CMCG and me on the time expected to complete the audit and corrective action requirements. It was determined that it would be a 2 day audit due to the population demographics and less than 500 inmates during the discussion. Upon arrival at the facility, an in-briefing meeting was held with the Warden, several department heads and support staff, facility PREA compliance manager. The standards used for this audit became effective August 20, 2012.

A total of 12 randomly selected correctional staff members were interviewed, to include employees from the day and night shift. Lieutenants from all shifts were included in the interview process as part of the specialized staff. This includes six officers assigned to the satellite facility. Each officer was able to articulate training they have received documented in the PREA questionnaire. All staff have been trained on Cross Gender searches. All staff indicated while they have been trained, they have not conducted a pat down search on persons of the other gender. Most staff could explain exigent circumstances when they may be required to conduct a cross gender pat search.

Specialized staff members were also interviewed. Specialized staff not assigned to the facility were interviewed. This includes MTC Director and MTC PREA Coordinator. A community based Victim Advocates was interviewed. The Texas Ombudsman and the Safe Prison manager's office were interviewed. On site specialized staff members were also interviewed. This included the Warden, Major, Institutional PREA Compliance Manager (PCM), Investigator, Human Resource Specialist, Intake staff, Health Services Administrator, Mental Health Director, Chaplain, Screening staff, Training officer, Grievance Coordinator, volunteer, contractor, staff responsible for monitoring for retaliation, and screening staff. Two contracting nurses were also interviewed. All interviewed staff and contractors demonstrated an understanding of the PREA and their responsibilities under this program, relative to their position or roles with the organization and employment status. During the tour and when moving about the facilities 4 non uniformed staff were asked about their reporting duties and how to respond to a sexual assault. All indicated they would staff with the offender and notify to closes correctional staff.

Inmate random interviewed inmates included inmates housed in every dormitory in each program. The below offenders were determined to be a target population:

Targeted population Transgender
0
Allegation of Sexual Abuse
0
Allegation of Sexual Harassment
0
Victimization
0
Gay
0

Segregation for PREA

0
Disabled
1
Deaf
0
Cognitive
2
LEP
4
Total Random Inmates
26

The inmates were interviewed using the Department of Justice protocol interview questions. Overall, the inmates interviewed were well informed about the PREA reporting process, their rights to be free from sexual abuse, and how to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment. No inmates refused during the inmate interview process.

Staff File Review:

Correspondence

Total Interviews

0

The auditor requested random personnel background checks and reviewed 12 employee training records two contractor files and two volunteer files. The employee records included 4 staff that had been employed at the facility more than 5 years, 4 of the staff were promoted and 4 of the staff were employed in the last 12 months. Employment background checks are completed and are maintained on file at the facility. The contractor files had the same email indicating background clearance and contained PREA training documentation. Volunteer files were also reviewed and had the same background clearance and PREA training documentation.

Resident Files:

Fifteen offender files were reviewed. The file contained documentation of Intake Screening, Intake PREA notification, rescreening initial PREA information and formalized PREA education. The facility updates or completes rescreening throughout the offender stay at the facility. Each offender receives a rescreening on or near their birthday. All time requirements were met on each area.

Staff Training:

The auditor requested specific and some random training files for employees. Including in the specific list was training staff, Superintendent, PCM, Medical staff, Mental Health staff and five random officers. All training records contained yearly training. Specialized staff had received yearly training specific to their duties.

Investigations

During the audit period, there were 3 allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations conducted at the facility. All were referred to the Office of the Inspector General and returned to the facility for investigations. Two investigations were unsubstituted, and one was unfounded.

AUDIT FINDINGS

Facility Characteristics:

The auditor's description of the audited facility should include details about the facility type, demographics and size of the inmate or resident population, numbers and type of staff positions, configuration and layout of the facility, numbers of housing units, description of housing units including any special housing units, a description of programs and services, including food service and recreation. The auditor should describe how these details are relevant to PREA implementation and compliance.

Bridgeport Correctional Center is a 504 bed, male offender Correctional Facility operated by the Management & Training Corporation (MTC) for the Texas Department of Criminal Justice (TDCJ). The facility employs eighty-one staff to provide for the care and custody of 504 minimum security inmates and manage programs to assist inmate in reentry into becoming productive citizens. During the last year, the facility hired fifty-one staff. Medical services are provided by University of Texas Medical Branch Correctional Managed Care.

Bridgeport Correctional Center has been accredited by the American Correctional Association for a number of years. The Bridgeport Correctional Center strives to be a leader in social impact by helping offenders prepare to successfully reenter society. Offender programming is designed to help reduce recidivism. Correctional Officers provide the security supervision.

The prison is a single structure constructed in 1995. The physical plant four housing units with two man cells in small cell blocks located in each housing unit. A short-term segregation unit has a capacity of four (4) housing offenders in single occupancy cells. These cells are equipped with lavatory/commode combinations. Showers have privacy screens. This facility has a considerable number of cameras which is unusual for this level of custody. Also, to mitigate blind spots the facility has installed mirrors. Mirrors have been placed in areas enabling staff to see around corners. Inside of each of the living units are showers with a wall separating the showers from the open area of the facility. The facility has installed curtains up from the wall to provide more privacy when offenders are showering. Phones were in each living unit. Upon entering each dormitory, the following signs were displayed on a bulletins board on framed on the walls. The PREA zero-tolerance signs in both English and Spanish, Victim support services, reporting posters and PREA audit notices.

The Receiving/Discharge area has an intake area for orientation and initial intake. Upon arriving at the facility inmates are individually taken to an office for shake down and to be issued clothing. There is a partition for inmate's privacy during the shakedown. Only residents of the same gender conduct these searches. There are other offices located this area which allow private interviews to be conducted. There were zero-tolerance posters displayed in the intake area.

The Health Services Department contains treatment rooms and offices. There is a bulletin board that contains PREA information located in the waiting area. There are correctional officers assigned to the health care area, whenever inmates are in this area. The health unit is always operational 12 hours a day with on call staff on duty

There are part time mental health staff and tele psychology available at the facility.

There are recreation areas located on this compound. These recreational areas include a gymnasium, activity center, exercise equipment, hobby craft rooms, music rooms and an outside recreation area. Zero-tolerance posters are located throughout the recreation area. The bathroom areas in each of the recreational areas include partitions and doors to provide privacy. There were PREA information boards in each of the recreational areas.

The Education area contains classrooms and support services. The Education department provides various programs for the inmates, including:

- General Educational Development (GED)
- Adult Continuing Education (ACE)
- Advanced Occupational Education
- English as a Second Language
- Release Readiness Program
- Law Library
- Leisure Library

The Food Service Department has a large dining room with a food service preparation area attached. Except for the staff dining room, all areas of food service are under constant surveillance with cameras, mirrors, or staff supervision. There are zero-tolerance posters in all food service areas.

The Laundry is supervised by correctional staff and employs inmate workers. The laundry is under continuous supervision and is monitored by cameras and mirrors. There were no blind spots noted in the laundry. The laundry area had a bulletin board with PREA information including zero-tolerance and PREA audit notices.

_			

Bridgeport was accredited by the American Correctional Association in 2016. The scheduled reaccreditation was postponed due to the

Coronavirus.

AUDIT FINDINGS

Summary of Audit Findings:

The OAS will automatically calculate the number of standards exceeded, number of standards met, and the number of standards not met based on the auditor's compliance determinations. If relevant, the auditor should provide the list of standards exceeded and/or the list of standards not met (e.g. Standards Exceeded: 115.xx, 115.xx..., Standards Not Met: 115.yy, 115.yy). Auditor Note: In general, no standards should be found to be "Not Applicable" or "NA." A compliance determination must be made for each standard. In rare instances where an auditor determines that a standard is not applicable, the auditor should select "Meets Standard" and include a comprehensive discussion as to why the standard is not applicable to the facility being audited.

Number of standards exceeded:	2
Number of standards met:	43
Number of standards not met:	0

One corrective action plan was required. The facility emotional support advocate had a hotline for the public and was published on the inmate bullentin board. The phone number does not work ont the inmate phone system. The Warden, PCM and Victim advocate revised the MOU to provide that offenders can request a I 60 (communication form) and the PCM with provide a private office for the resident to call the victim advocare. The victim advocate also provided an address and the facility notified the population they could send uncensored mail without postage to this address. A walk through the facility verified this information had be placed in each living unit.

The center is well organized and the facility management team takes PREA extremely serious. Training is continously provided to staff and offenders.

Standards

Auditor Overall Determination Definitions

- Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the stand for the relevant review period)
- Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective actions)

Auditor Discussion Instructions

Auditor discussion, including the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

115.11 Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:

Management & Training Corporation (MTC) Policy 903E.02 Sexual Safety in Prisons (PREA)

Texas Department of Criminal Justice (TDCJ) Safe Prisons Plan (February 2019)

Zero Tolerance Poster

MTC Memo: Corporate PREA Coordinator

Bridgeport Correctional Center (BCC) Memo: Correctional Center PREA Coordinator

Bridgeport Correctional Center Organizational Chart

Management & Training Corporation (MTC) published the agency policy serial # 903E.02, Ensuring Safe Prisons and Texas Department of Criminal Justice have published standards for implementation of the Prison Rape elimination Act.

Contractually, Bridgeport follows TDCJ for PREA related requirements. The policy mandates a zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The policy outlines procedures and expectations related to MTC's approach to preventing, detecting and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. It is developed in compliance with the PREA standards for adult prisons and jails and includes definitions of prohibited behaviors regarding sexual assault and sexual harassment for staff and inmates.

The policy also included sanctions for staff and inmates found to have participated in prohibited behaviors. Staff members who are found to have perpetrated sexual abuse or sexual harassment are disciplined in accordance to Employee Discipline policy and Facility Rule of Conduct and subject to employment termination. Employees are subject to criminal prosecution.

The policy includes a description of the agency strategies and responses to reduce and prevent sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmates.

Inmates who are found to have perpetrated sexual abuse or sexual harassment are disciplined in accordance with sanctions outlined in the facility's inmate handbook.

MTC memorandum, warden memorandum and a facility organizational chart meet the requirements of this standard. The agency's zero tolerance against sexual abuse is clearly established and the policy outlines the agency's approach to preventing, detecting and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment allegations. The agency memorandum establishes a position of PREA compliance manager with the responsibility to oversee the implementation and management of Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003. BMCC Warden issued a memorandum to establish a PREA compliance manager to coordinate with the Agency PREA coordinator to oversee the implementation and management of the Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003.

The agency and institution policies outline a zero-tolerance policy for all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Inmates are informed orally about the zero-tolerance policy and the PREA program during in-processing and additional admission and orientation presentations. The orientation is offered in English and in Spanish. Additional program information is contained in the A&O Handbook, and postings distributed throughout the facility (observed during the tour). All written documents are available in English and Spanish. Additional interpretive services are available for inmates who do not speak or read English. Both institution staff and inmates are provided with a wealth of opportunities to become aware of PREA policies s and procedures. All employees receive initial training and annual training, as well as updates throughout the year. The institution meets the standards with all the programs they have implemented to ensure the inmates and staff understand its position on zero-tolerance. Compliance was determined by review of orientation power point presentations, posters, A&O handbook and interviews with staff, contractors, volunteers and inmates.

115.12	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	Memo: MTC PREA Coordinator
	The agency and facility meet the mandates of this standard. BCC does not contract with external entities for the confinement of offenders. The facility is owned by TDCJ and operated by the Management Training Corporation (MTC). A monitor is assigned to the facility by TDCJ. BCC does not have authority to contract for confinement of offenders.

115.13 Supervision and monitoring

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:

TDCJ Safe Prisons Plan

MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons

PREA- Annual Staffing Plan Review Certification

Camera Locations

Program Performance Work Statement

Staffing Plan re: Adequate Levels of Staffing

Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons Mandates that the facility will complete a staffing plan prior to opening a facility and will continue to review a minimum of once a year utilizing the following criteria.

- Generally accepted detention and correctional practices.
- Judicial findings of inadequacy.
- Findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies.
- Findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies.
- All components of the facility's physical plant.
- The composition of the inmate population.
- The number and placement of supervisory staff.
- Institution programs occurring on a particular shift.
- Applicable State or local laws, regulations, or standards.
- The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse; and
- Other relevant factors.

Interviews with the Warden and executive staff revealed compliance with the PREA, and that other safety and security issues are always a primary focus when they consider and reviewing their respective staffing plans. The facility has a Staffing Report that is developed for each pay period. The Warden meets weekly with his executive staff with operational needs including addressing staffing issues as they relate to the PREA.

The institution has been provided with all necessary resources to support the programs and procedures to ensure compliance with the PREA standards. The audit included an examination of all video monitoring systems; staff interviews; and rosters. Supervisory and Administrative staff members routinely make unannounced rounds covering all shifts and these rounds are documented. PREA rounds are documented in operations lieutenants' logs and at the officer's stations logs for housing units.

There have been no judicial findings of inadequacy from federal investigative agencies or findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies relevant to this standard. All essential posts are filled each shift and no essential posts are kept open for salary savings. When programs are offered, staffing is increased to provide additional supervision. The review of Institution Duty Officer (IDO) unannounced PREA rounds logs confirmed that intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors, including shift supervisors and department heads, conduct and document such visits throughout the institution, during the day, at night and on the weekends. The Warden, deputy wardens and Major serves as IDO. All were interviewed. The IDO works weekend at the facility to provide overview. Staff members are prohibited from alerting other employees regarding unannounced rounds. Interviews with inmates and housing unit officers also confirmed that random, unannounced rounds are conducted by Institution Duty Officers daily, including nights and weekends. PREA rounds are documented in operations logs and at the officer's stations logs for housing units. An examination of policy and supporting documentation and all interviews confirms compliance with this standard. The facility has modified its schedule to working 12 hour shifts and has utilized all correctional staff to manage the minimum standards that are required based on the facility mandatory posts

based on the annual staffing plan, contracting entities requirements and MTC security annual reviews. Compliance was determined by staff interviews conducted during the tour of all areas of the facility, including human resource manager and correctional staff; reviews of documented staffing rosters, daily supervisory checks and facility workforce quarterly meeting records; pay period staffing reports and the examination of the video monitoring system. A comprehensive tour of the facility was conducted during the audit that included looking for blind spots, reviewing cameras coverage and available staff in areas that inmates are assigned. Subsequently, tours of each area of the facility was also reviewed while going throughout the facility to meet with staff and to interview inmates.

115.14	Youthful inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Statement of Fact- No Youthful Inmates
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons mandates that BCC does not house youthful offenders. Further compliance was provided through Statement of Non-Applicability, and interviews with Warden and Staff Conducting Unannounced Rounds and TDCJ Monitor.

115.15 Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:

MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe

TDCJ Policy-Offender Searches

Statement of Fact- No Females housed at BCC

Pre-Service Training- Training

Pre-Service Training Roster

TDCJ Policy-Offender Searches mandates that Cross-gender strip or cross-gender body cavity searches are prohibited, except in emergency situations or when performed and documented by a medical practitioner. Officers are required to document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches. Interviews with staff confirmed that they were aware of the prohibition of visual body cavity or strip searches of the inmates of the opposite sex except in exigent circumstances and never for the purpose of examining a transgender or intersex inmate for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status. Staff interviews also confirmed that all officers have been trained to conduct cross-gender pat searches. Staff interviews indicated they received cross-gender pat search training during initial and annual training. The facility allows transgender offenders to determine staff gender for pat searches. The facility does not allow cross gender pat searches accept in emergency situations. In cases when a cross gender pat search occurs staff must document the incident on pat search logbook. The auditor observed that each unit has individual stalls for privacy in utilizing the toilets. The facility has implemented a policy that all opposite gender staff working the units will announce themselves prior to walking the range to allow inmates the opportunity to prepare themselves from a privacy perspective. Control room will document announcement were made and will also make announcement with person of the other gender enter the housing units. Inmates interviewed acknowledged they were allowed to shower, dress and use the toilet without being viewed by staff of the opposite gender. Staff and inmates interviewed indicated employees of the opposite gender announce their presence before entering a housing unit. Unit staff also announce the possibility of opposite gender staff entering the housing units at the beginning of each shift. Additionally, the auditor observed written notifications which clearly stated the possibility of opposite gender staff routinely entering the units posted in the unit common areas. The postings were written in both English and Spanish. Staff members were aware of the policy prohibiting the search of a transgender or intersex inmate for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status. During the past 12 months, there were no exigent circumstances that required cross-gender viewing of an inmate by a staff member. The living areas have showers with partitions that provides for inmate privacy while showering. Some toilet areas have partitions with door to allow inmates to use the restroom without being viewed by staff. Other bathroom areas have routine doors with a sink.

Officers would be required to document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches. Interviews with staff confirmed that they were aware of the prohibition of visual body cavity or strip searches of the inmates of the opposite sex except in exigent circumstances and never for the purpose of examining a transgender or intersex inmate for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status. Staff interviews also confirmed that female officers had been trained to conduct cross-gender pat searches. Staff interviews indicated they received cross-gender pat search training during initial and annual training

Staff and inmates interviewed indicated employees of the opposite gender announce their presence before entering a housing unit. Unit staff also announce the possibility of opposite gender staff entering the housing units at the beginning of each shift. Additionally, the auditor observed written notifications which clearly stated the possibility of opposite gender staff routinely entering the units posted in the unit common areas. The postings were written in both English and Spanish. Staff members were aware of the policy prohibiting the search of a transgender or intersex inmate for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status. During the past 12 months, there were no exigent circumstances that required crossgender viewing of an inmate by a staff member. Based on the review of policies and notices regarding the presence of female staff in the units, observation of the showering/dressing areas, modification that were completed during the audit and interviews with staff and inmates, it has been determined that BCC is in compliance with this standard.

115.16 Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

MTC - Ensuring Safe Prison 903E.02 (03/2020)

TDCJ - Language Assistance Services to Offenders (AD-04.25)

TDCJ - Qualified interpreter Services American Sign language AD-05.25

Qualified Spanish interpreter Certificates

Statement of Fact

Auditor Discussion

Memo - offenders with intellectual Disabilities

Sexual Abuse Awareness Brochure

Safe Prison Operational Manual

MTC - Bridgeport Orientation Handbook

Ombudsman Poster in Spanish

MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons mandate that inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English shall not be discriminated against and the facility shall provide reasonable accommodations to ensure access to programs, activities, and services in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and the provisions established in this Directive.

Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons establishes local facility to respond to needs of inmates with Disabilities or Limited English Proficiency: Upon identification of an inmate with a disability which prevents them from reading or understanding inmate PREA educational materials, staff conducting initial intake screenings coordinate with other staff as needed to obtain appropriate accommodations addressing the inmate's disability (i.e. referral to medical as appropriate).

Through policy and practice, the facility staff ensures that inmates with all disabilities listed in 115.16a have an equal opportunity to participate in and benefit from all aspects of the facilities efforts to prevent, detect and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The disabled inmates interviewed stated they were instructed about PREA compliance and felt safe from sexual abuse. All PREA related information (written information), including postings, brochures and handouts are available in English, and Spanish and other languages. Staff also may read information to inmates when necessary. The facility does not rely on inmate interpreters, inmate readers or other types of inmate assistants in the performance of first responder duties or during the investigation of an inmate's sexual abuse/sexual harassment allegations. Interviews with first responders, medical, mental health and investigative staff confirmed their awareness of the prohibition of using inmate interpreters for PREA compliance functions. The facility provides training for bilingual staff to service as interpreters. There is a list of available trained staff maintained in the housing units. Interviews with over 8 non-English proficient inmates confirmed the availability and use of the staff interpreters and telephonic interpretive services. Interviews with staff and inmates and an examination of policy/supporting documentation also confirm compliance with this standard. Through the Texas Department of Criminal Justice the center has access to sign language services for deaf offenders. Interviews with offenders did not specifically identify ESL offenders due to the large number assgined to the facility. During the interview process five (5) ESL offenders were interviewed. Bilagual staff were readily available during each interview. Compliance of this standard was confirmed by review of Agency Policy, Institutional supplement, contracting services for language interpretation services and interviews with staff and disabled inmates.

115.17 Hiring and promotion decisions

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:

MTC-201.3 Background Check

Sexual Safety in Prisons (PREAI 903E.02

TDCJ Safe Prison Plan (February 2019)

Contract Agreement

Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons - Hiring and promotion decisions requires all employees, contractors and volunteers have had criminal background checks completed. The facility does not hire or promote anyone who may have contact with inmates, and does not enlist the services of any contractor or volunteer that may have contact with inmates, who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution; has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse, or if the person has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity. Incidents of sexual harassment are considered in determining whether to hire or promote anyone or to enlist the services of any contractor or volunteer, who may have contact with inmates. MTC Policy 203.1 Rules of Conduct, MTC-201.3 Background Check, MTC Employee Handbook, and MTC Interview Questions mandates that employees, contractors and volunteers are required to receive background check including NCIC check. The facility staff asked applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct; they use a form to document. The facility also imposes upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any misconduct related to PREA. MTC policy prohibits staff from material omissions and the provision of materially false information. This may result in grounds for termination. Interviewed HR staff confirmed that the facility will provide information on employment hired and released dates and other basic information; however, they are prohibited for giving detail information on employee substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer who may request this information. The human resources staff will provide the employer with past history of sexual abuse or sexual harassment to prospective employees. Prospective employees or employers are required to provide the human resources a sign authority to release this information.

Policies and staff interviewed stated that the facility requires that a criminal background record check be completed before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates Policy requires that before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, the agency performs a criminal background check; and consistent with Federal, State and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of inmates or detainee sexual abuse or harassment or any resignation pending an investigation of such allegations. MTC requires the facility not to hire or promote anyone who may have contact with inmates, and does not enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates as listed in this standard to include the following provisions as stated in the PREA standards:

- 1. Has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution; to include persons who are mentally ill or disabled or retarded or chronically ill or handicapped, or institution providing skilled nursing or intermediate or long-term care or custodial or immaterial care.
- 2. Has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse; or
- 3. Has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in subsection 2.

TDCJ enters all employees and contractors into an automated system to trigger notification to TDCJ of any and all arrests entered into TCIC/NCIC system serves as continuous records check alleviating the need for a background check every (5) five years. Criminal history information is provided to the facility prior to hiring. A tracking system is in place that ensures the agency and facility are informed of any employee arrests. Employees have a duty to disclose such misconduct. Material omissions regarding this type of misconduct would be grounds for termination. The submission of false information by any applicant is grounds for not hiring the applicant. The human resource manager confirmed that the agency attempts to contact prior employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or resignations which occurred during a pending investigation of sexual abuse. Interviews with staff and a review of documentation (PREA Screening Form) confirm compliance with this standard. Ten new staff member and five promoted staff personnel files were reviewed and found to have completed prior to employment or promotion. Sample of notification of arrest was provided to verify TDCJ notification system.

115.18	Upgrades to facilities and technologies
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Sexual Safety in Prisons
	PREA Annual Assessment Meeting
	Physical Plant Diagrams Indicating Camera Placement
	Statement of Fact
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons requires that when designing or acquiring any new facility and in planning and substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse. Interviews with the PREA Compliance Manager and Warden indicated that was no major expansion during the past four years. The facility is owned by TDCJ and any upgrades are requested by MTC. However, MTC has installed additional cameras based on recommendations from MTC/TDCJ security reviews. The facility has over 50 cameras on line at this time. During the tour and when moving about the facility there seemed to be suffient cameras located in the facility. All cameras were review and were in good working condition. According the interview with Warden a major camera was completed at the facility in 2016.

115.21 Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:

TDCJ-SPOM 02.02 Offender Victim Representative

TDCJ-SPOM 05.01 Sexual Abuse Response and Investigation

TDCJ-AD-16.20 Reporting incident to OIG

Correctional Managed Health Care Policy Manual

Medical Staff Safe Prisons Training

MTC Policy 903E.02 Sexual Safety in Prisons

MOU with Wise Hope Shelter and Crisis Center

Written policy require the MCI to make available to an offender victim of sexual assault, a victim advocate from a rape crisis center. When an advocate from a rape crisis center is not available to provide emotional support advocacy services following an allegation of sexual assault, the MTC shall upon request of the victim provide an Offender Victim Representative (OVR) to support the offender victim through the forensic medical examination process including investigatory interviews. The OVR shall provide emotional support, crisis intervention, and referrals during and after the investigation. OVR's shall be approved by the warden and shall receive the necessary training concerning sexual assault and forensic examination.

BCC has an MOU with Wise Hope Shelter and Crisis Center to provide advocacy services including victim advocate and emotional support. Interviews with the Center verified that the facility would accompany a victim of sexual abuse to interviews and examinations. At the present time there are no SANE staff located at the local hospital. The victim of a sexual abuse would be examined by local Physician or transported to Fort Worth where SANE staff are available.

Administrative Directive 16-20, I. General (Procedures), authorizes the Office of Inspector General's broad investigative responsibilities and designates the OIG as the primary investigative organization within the TDCJ. The OIG has primary jurisdiction for investigating criminal offenses occurring on TDCJ property or affecting TDCJ property, including criminal offenses. Within respective jurisdictions, local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies have concurrent investigative and law enforcement authority with the OIG. Law Enforcement agencies generally defer to the OIG about matters relating to the TDCJ. OIG investigators are commissioner Texas peace officers and have full law enforcement authority and statewide jurisdiction in criminal matters affecting the TDCJ. After review of the initial facility investigation the OIG investigators will conduct the investigations or refer the investigation back to the facility for the facility investigator to complete the investigation. The facility investigator has received training on conducting sexual abuse investigations in a confinement setting.

The agency follows a uniform evidence protocol as described in the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents". Victims of sexual assault are referred to health services for initial examination and treatment. Such treatment would be for life preservation only and the victim would be transported to a local hospital for examination, treatment and forensic evidence gathering by a SANE nurse. All sexual abuse advocacy, examinations, treatment, testing and follow-up care are provided without cost to the victim. The facility has access to a local rape crisis center organization to provide victim advocacy services. The center provided a certificate for fulfilling all requirement and successfully participating in the Offender Victim Representative Training offered by Texas Coalition of Family Violence and Health and Human Resoursces secual abuse counseling. Follow up mental health services are provided by the facility.

A review of training records confirmed that internal investigative unit staff have received appropriate investigator training on the investigation of sexual abuse and harassment in a confinement setting. Interviews with staff, local hospital nurse, local rape crisis center advocate and an examination of documentation confirmed compliance with this standard. Correctional and medical staff members were interviewed concerning this standard and all were knowledgeable of the procedures required to secure and obtain usable physical evidence when sexual abuse is alleged. Staff members were also aware of the staff responsible for conducting PREA investigations. Staff carry a First Responder card to provide reminders and expected responses to sexual abuse.

There were no forensic examinations conducted during the past 12 months.

Compliance was determined through review of policy, documentation of training records, Memo from advocacy program and

interviews with BCC staff and inmates. BCC investigator also confirmed that the investigative staff uniform evidence protocol.

115.22	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Sexual safety in Prison
	TDCJ Safe Prison Plan
	TDCJ Reporting incidents/Crimes to the Office of the inspector General TDCI PREA Ombudsman website
	TDCJ officer of the inspector General
	TDCI inspector General policy statement
	Report of Alleged Sexual Abuse
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons and Texas Reporting Incident/Crimes to the office of the Inspector General meet the requirements of this standard. When required, the facility investigators refer sexual abuse investigations (criminal violations) to the TDCJ Inspector General who follow the requirements of the standard. All Sexual Harassment must be investigated by the facility trained Investigator. There have been three referrals in the past 12 months.
	Administrative and criminal investigations are completed on all allegations of sexual abuse/sexual harassment. Facility investigators and the Office of Inspector General staff are trained in conducting sexual assault investigations in confined settings/prisons. A review of documentation and staff interviews confirmed compliance with this standard. A review of training documents confirmed that all investigators received instruction in conducting sexual assault investigations in confined spaces/prisons. Interviews with staff, as well as an examination of policy/supporting documentation, confirm compliance with this standard.
	The Investigating Lieutenant was interviewed and proved very knowledgeable concerning the protocols for conducting investigations of alleged sexual abuse/sexual harassment. There were three allegation of sexual abuse and no allegation of sexual harassment during the auditing period. All allegations were referred to OIG for investigations. OIG reviewed the incidents and requested the facility investigator conduct the investigations. One investigation was unfounded and two were unsubstantiated. Interviews with BCC investigators, as well as an examination of supporting documentation, confirm the facility's compliance with this standard.

115.31	Employee training
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Sexual safety in Prison
	MTC Policy 901D.02 (A1, D1) Training Requirements
	TDCJ Safe Prison Plan
	Annual Refresher Training Packet
	PREA Training Curriculum
	Pre-Service/In-Service Orientation Training Schedule & Roster re: PREA Training
	Prison Rape Elimination Act - Training Acknowledgement In-service Pre-Service Summary Review Test re: PREA Knowledge
	All staff is provided an Employee Manual which includes information on all areas of PREA training and protocol for sexual abuse prevention, intervention, reporting, protecting the inmates, and preserving the possible crime scene. Training includes:
	§ A zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment
	§ How to fulfill staff responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures.
	§ Inmates' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment.
	§ Employees' right to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment.
	§ Dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement.
	§ Common reactions to sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims.
	§ How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse.
	§ How to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates.
	§ How to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming inmates.
	§ How to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities.
	How to conduct Cross Gender Pat Searches
	Newly hired employees receive training relative to the PREA standards during their initial training in a classroom setting. Yearly refresher training is required for all staff, utilizing a Computer-Based PREA training program. Contractors and volunteers are provided training relative to their duties and responsibilities by the facility PREA Compliance Manager. A review of the training curriculum, training sign-in sheets, and other related documentation, as well as staff interviews, confirmed staff is required to acknowledge, in writing, not only that they received PREA training, but that they understood it. A review of documentation and staff interviews confirmed that the facility is compliant with this standard.
	A sampling of staff annual training files (12) was reviewed and found to contain documentation supporting compliance with this standard. All staff interviewed indicated that they had received the required PREA training initially and annually. Officers receive additional PREA training/updates when needed and officers assigned to the restrictive housing unit also receive additional training. The extensive training provided and the staff's knowledge of the PREA requirements confirmed that the facility is compliant with this standard. Shift supervisor's and staff provided documentation of shift briefing training that is

provided on an ongoing basis.

115.32	Volunteer and contractor training
	Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Sexual safety in Prison
	TDCJ Safe Prison Plan
	MTC Policy 901D.02 (A1, D1) Training
	TDCJ Volunteer Letter and Handbook
	TDCJ Volunteer Letter and Handbook
	TDCJ Volunteer Training Facilitation Guide
	Training outline for BCC Volunteer Training on PREA
	Statement of Fact Statement of Fact
	There are 121 contractors or volunteers assigned to BCC. Contractors and volunteers are provided training relative to their duties and responsibilities. TDCJ contracts with University of Texas-Medical Branch (UTMB) for medical and mental health services. The contractors has developed and implemented specialized training for mental health and medical staff that includes PREA basic but additionally includes specialized training for medical and mental health staff. All contract and volunteer staff are required to receive PREA training annually. Texas Department of Criminal Justice publishes a volunteer handbook that is provided for all persons volunteering with BCC. A review of the training curriculum, training sign-in sheets and other related documentation, as well as staff interviews, confirmed staff are required to acknowledge, in writing, not only
	that they received PREA training, but that they understood it. The facility chaplain works with the PREA compliance manager to ensure all volunteers receive annual training. The chaplain provided files for volunteers that documented the annual training. The chaplain indicated the facility updated training quarterly which included training for volunteers after background checks are cleared prior to having contact with inmates. The facility has 98 persons trained to conduct volunteer services at BCC. A review of documentation and staff interviews including University of Texas-Medical Branch nurse manager, facility volunteer coordinator, contracting nurses and religious volunteer confirmed that the facility is compliant with this standard.

115.33	Inmate education
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Sexual safety in Prison
	TDCJ Safe Prison Plan
	MTC Policy 901D.02 (A1, D1) Training
	TDCJ Sexual Assault Awareness Course
	TDCJ Safe Prison Handout
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons (A1, C3, D1, E1, F1)—November 1, 2018 PREA Posters (English and Spanish); Offender handbook; and TDCJ SPOM 03.01, pg. 1-2., Offender Orientation Training establishes the standard required training. Inmates receive information during the intake process that includes a PREA handout and Offender Handbook, printed in both English and Spanish. There are PREA posters throughout the facility and in each housing unit, and a PREA "Report Line" telephone number which may be called to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment, is posted on the unit bulletin boards. There is an interpretive language service available for limited English proficient inmates. A review of A&O Checklists verified that inmates received Sexual Assault/Sexual Abuse Prevention & Intervention education and relevant written materials. All inmates are required to acknowledge in writing they have received PREA education. A staff member conducts an additional education program regarding the PREA for all inmates within 30 days of their arrival at the facility. If an inmate is transferred to another facility, policy requires that this training process be repeated at the new institution, as confirmed through interviews with newly arrived inmates. The program includes definitions of sexually abusive behavior and sexual harassment, prevention strategies and reporting modalities.
	There is a translation language line available to LEP inmates. There are a prevalence of bilingual staff to support training programs. The auditor was provided a random sampling of A&O Checklists/Signature Sheets to verify that inmates, admitted during the auditing period, received the Sexual Abuse and sexual harassment (PREA) education and relevant written materials. All inmates are required to acknowledge completion of PREA education. During the interview process, randomly selected inmates indicated they received information about the facility's rules against sexual abuse/sexual harassment, when they arrived at the facility. They further indicated they were advised about their right not to be sexually abused/sexually harassed, how to report sexual abuse/sexual harassment and their right not be punished for reporting sexual abuse/sexual harassment. Inmate and staff confirmed that PREA training is provided during the initial intake at the facility and during the orientation phase which occurs within one week of arriving at the facility. Inmates were aware of available services outside of

the facility for dealing with sexual abuse.

115.34	Specialized training: Investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED
	Office of the Inspector General Policy (BP- 01.07 rev.6)
	TDCJ Description, Investigator Trainee
	Training Records for Facility Trainer
	MTC requires that administrative investigations are conducted by trained investigators who are full-time employees. The specialized training is specific to conducting sexual incident investigations in a correctional environment.
	Specialized training may include but is not limited to:
	a. Techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims.
	b. Proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings.
	c. Directing sexual abuse evidence collection in correctional/confinement settings.
	2. The criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or referral for criminal prosecution.
	3. The training coordinator for each facility will maintain documentation supporting staff investigators have completed required specialized training.
	The auditor reviewed specialized training documentation to include the Investigator Training Instructor Guide and the course completion list for Investigating Sexual Abuse in a Confinement Setting training. When criminal investigations are indicated, they are conducted by the Office of the Inspector General. Interviews with staff, trained investigator, and an examination of policy confirmed compliance with this standard. Complance was determined by iterview with trained investigators, review of training curriculum and review of three investigative files.

115.35	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED
	MTC 903E.02
	TDCJ Safe Prison Plan
	MTC 903E.02, pg. 10-11 mandates specialized training for medical and mental health staff. The facility hasten full-time medical care staff and part time mental health staff on site. The agency contracts with University of Texas-Medical Branch for medical and mental health staff. The contractors has developed and implemented specialized training for mental health and medical staff that includes PREA basic but additionally includes specialized training for medical and mental health staff. All mental health and medical staff have received the required specialized training on how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, how to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse, how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and how and to whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, victim identification, interviewing, reporting and clinical interventions. Medical and mental health care staff acknowledged, in writing, that they both received and understood the training, as it relates to the PREA. Interviews with medical and mental health staff confirmed awareness of their responsibilities regarding the PREA specialized training medical and mental health staff have attended during the last 12 months. Medical staff interviewed were extremely knowledgeable of sexual abuse and sexual harassment and responses to reporting and identifying sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Compliance was determined by review of University of Texas-Medical Branch training curriculum, interviews with University of Texas-Medical Branch nurse manager and nurses assigned to Bridgeport Correctional Center

115.41 Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED

TDCJ Safe Prison Plan

MTC 903E.02

TDCJ Assessment Instrument

All offenders are assessed during the intake screening process for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or being sexually abusive toward other inmates. The initial screening normally occurs within twenty-four hours of offender arrive but no more than seventy-two hours, after the inmate's arrives at the Jamison Diagnostic Program. Policies and procedures require the use of a screening instrument (reviewed by auditor) to determine proper housing, bed assignment, work assignment, education and other program assignments, with the goal of keeping inmates at high risk of being sexually abused/sexually harassed separate from those inmates who are at high risk of being sexually abusive. A medical staff conducts an initial medical screening including questions of prior sexual abuse. Agency Directives require within the first 30 days of arriving at the facility, an inmate's risk level is reassessed within thirty days or when warranted due to a referral, request, incident of sexual abuse, or receipt of additional information that bears on the inmate's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness. Controls are in place to ensure that information received during the screening is only available to staff on a need-to-know basis. Agency policy prohibits inmates from being disciplined for refusing to answer or for not disclosing complete information in response to questions regarding their mental/physical health, developmental disability, sexual preferences, sexual victimization history and perception of vulnerability. Housing and program assignments are made on a case-by-case basis and inmates are not placed in housing units based solely on their sexual identification or status.

Upon arrival at the determined program case managers staff interview the offender and review the risk screening instrument with the offender. The facility instituted a more formal documentation to include additions signature of the offender to confirm they receive the screening at the determined program. Offender meets with their perspective case managers within thirty days which includes reviewing the risk assessment. The agency is enhancing this within 30 day review by having the offender also sign they received the screening and adding this information on the agency PREA data base.

A review of 15 initial screening instruments revealed that all inmates were screened. There were four files did not include the rescreening as required by the standard. The data base did provide documentation that rescreening were completed due to recommendations by staff or based on offender need based on review with case managers or mental health staff.

The agency has a PREA Intake Objective Screening Instrument. The results of the assessment are documented on the Intake Screening Form whether the inmate is vulnerable or sexually aggressive. Staff interviews and documentation review reveal that the Screening for Risk of Victimization and Abusiveness include the following:

- · Whether the inmate has a mental, physical, or developmental disability.
- · The age of the inmate.
- · The physical build of the inmate.
- · Whether the inmate has previously been incarcerated.
- · Whether the inmates' criminal history is exclusively nonviolent.
- Whether the inmate has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child.
- · Whether the inmate is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming.
- · Whether the inmate has previously experienced sexual victimization.
- The inmate's own perception of vulnerability.

The Screening Instrument does not include the information on if the resident is the inmate is detained solely for civil immigration purposes. The agency does not house residents for sole purpose of civil immigration. The agency has updated the screening instrument to provide full compliance with the standards. Compliance was determined by review of the screening instrument, review of inmate records with screening and rescreening instrument, review of agency inmate data to manage screening instruments. Compliance was further determined by interviews with classification supervisor, PREA compliance manager, inmate's mental health and medical staff.

115.42	Use of screening information
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons (A1, B1, C1, F1
	TDCJ Safe Prison Plan
	Classification Procedure- Offender Housing Assignments (4.00)
	Classification Procedure- Offender Job Assignments (4.01)
	Memo: Transgender and Intersex Offender Shower
	Memo: Transgender and Intersex Offender Bi-Annual Reassessment
	Statement of Fact
	BBC utilizes the TDCJ screening instrument. The facility's classification procedures provide that risk screening information is used to determine housing, bed, work, and education and program assignments, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive. Determinations for these assignments are made on a case-by-case basis. Staff members assigned to conduct intake screening have been provided additional training and resource materials to complete this task.
	The Screening instrument, additional mental health evaluations and rescreening is utilized by the specialized treatment team as part of the mental health treatment plan. TDCJ decides whether to assign a transgender or intersex inmate to a facility for male or female inmates. TDCJ has no dedicated facilities for transgender or intersex inmates. The facility determines other housing and programming assignments for transgender or intersex inmates on a case-by-case basis, to include whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety and whether the placement would present management or security problems. Placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex inmate are reassessed at least once every six months. Policy states that a transgender or intersex inmate's own view with respect to his own safety should be given serious consideration when making these assignments. TDCJ policy mandates that transgender and intersex inmates are given the opportunity to shower, dress and use the toilet facilities separately from other inmates. The facility has no transgender inmates assigned during the last 12 months. Compliance was determined by review of the TDCJ policy,

screening instrument and review of offender screenings, and interviews with staff responsible for housing and job

assignments.

115.43	Protective Custody
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	MTC 903E.02 - Sexual Safety in Prisons (PREA) - Pg. 1, 12 Statement of Fact Statement of Fact
	TDCJ Safe Prison Plan
	TDCJ Unit Classification Procedure- Offender Housing Assignments
	Memo re: Inmates Detained Solely for Immigration Purposes (N/A)
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons meets the mandates of this standard. The Administrative Segregation Unit houses both administrative (protective custody) and disciplinary cases. BCC only has 4 cells that have been identified as segregation unit. Even when housed in this area offenders are provided the same rights and privileges with the exception of job assignments. Policy states inmates at high risk for sexual victimization shall not be placed in involuntary status unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made and there is no available means of separating the victim from the abuser. No inmates were placed in this status within the last year. In practice, victims would almost never be placed in involuntary protective custody. If necessary, placement would only be for a very short time for protection only and only to determine the facts of the incident. A review of use of the segregation unit during the last 12 months validated that no inmate was housed in segregation for a PREA investigation or allegation. Compliance was determined through review of policy, segregation logs, and interviews with Warden and PREA compliance manager.

115.51 Inmate reporting Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard Auditor Discussion POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED: MTC 903E.02 - Sexual Safety in Prisons (PREA) - Pg. 1, 12 A & 0 Booklet re: PREA Reporting Options TDCJ Safe Prison Plan

Office of Inspector General Information

Memo re: Inmates Detained Solely for Immigration Purposes (N/A)

PREA Signage - "Example"

MTC Website re: PREA Contact Representative

PREA Ombudsman

MOU with Wise Hope Shelter and Crisis Center

Inmates are provided with information on how to report sexual abuse or harassment to facility staff as well as public and/or private agencies not affiliated with BCC; and procedures for permitting third-party reports of sexual abuse/harassment on behalf of an inmate. Inmate can provide telephone numbers to family to report to the Texas Ombudsman. Information for third-party reporting, such as from friends or family can be found in visitation room and offender handbook. This information is given during intake, orientation, and is made available through posters, handbooks, and pamphlets. Inmates may privately report sexual abuse, sexual harassment, retaliation by other inmates or staff, and staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents in several ways. Inmates may speak with any staff member, contact their family or friends, or utilize an Inmate Request to All staff will accept reports made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties. Staff will promptly document any verbal reports and will immediately report any such information to the shift supervisor. A review of supportive documentation and staff/inmate interviews indicated that there are multiple ways (verbally, in writing, anonymously, privately, and from a third party) for inmates to report sexual abuse/sexual harassment. The facility has procedures in place for staff to document all allegations. Throughout the facility, there are posters and other documents on display which also explain reporting methods. There are posters for telephone reporting to Wise Hope Shelter and Crisis Center Hotline for reporting sexual abuse. The Crisis Center was interviewed and stated that the center would only report if the resident authorized them to make a report. In those cases, they would notify the Warden.

Staff members promptly accept and document all verbal, written, anonymous, private and third-party reports of alleged abuse/sexual harassment. BCC provides to the inmates a third party line to the National Sexual Assault hotline for reporting any abuse or harassment and they can write to the Office of the Inspector General Office. Inmates at the facility are not detained solely for civil immigration purposes.

Compliance of this standard was validated by review of the inmate handbook, posters throughout the facility, company policies on inmate reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment and interviews with staff and inmates.

115.52 Exhaustion of administrative remedies

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:

MTC 903E.02 - Sexual Safety in Prisons (PREA) - Pg. 1, 12, 13

TDCJ Safe Prison Plan

PREA Ombudsman Manual

A & 0 Booklet re: PREA

Grievance Packet re: Alleged Sexual Abuse (Past 12 mo.) (Blank)

Offender Grievance Operations Manual

Sexual Assault Investigation

Packet Inmate Handbook

Statement of Fact Statement of Fact

Offender Grievance Operational Manual addresses the mandates of this standard. All allegations of sexual abuse/sexual harassment, when received by staff, will immediately be referred for investigation. Inmates are not required to use an informal grievance process and procedures also allow an inmate to submit a grievance alleging sexual abuse/sexual harassment without submitting it to the staff member who is the subject of the complaint. Additionally, policy also prohibits the investigation of the allegation by either staff alleged to be involved in the incident or any staff who may be under their supervision. Policy states a final decision shall be made on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance. Computation of the 90-day time period shall not include time used by inmates for preparing for an administrative appeal. If the 90-day time period is insufficient to make an appropriate decision, an extension of up to 70 days may be granted. The inmate shall be notified in writing of the extension and a date by which the decision will be made. An emergency grievance alleging substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse shall be filed and managed in accordance with the Offender operations manual. When an emergency grievance is received, any portion that alleges the substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse shall be forwarded to a level of review for immediate corrective action. An initial response shall be provided within 48 hours of receipt, and a final decision rendered within five calendar days. The initial response and final decision shall document whether the inmate is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse and the action taken. There is no prohibition that limits third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside victim advocates in assisting inmates in filing requests for grievances relating to allegations of sexual abuse or filing such requests on behalf of inmates. There were no grievances filed involving PREA related issues during the past 12 months. There were no grievances alleging sexual abuse that involved an extension due to the final decision not being reached within 90 days. Additionally, there were no grievances alleging sexual abuse filed by inmates in which the inmate declined third-party assistance. Inmates are held accountable for manipulative behavior and false allegations. TDCJ has established an organizational program for responses to Allegations of sexual assault or abuse (ASA). All inquiries pertaining to ASA will:

- · Forward to PREA Ombudsman
- Enter in OCTS
- · Forward to unit for investigation
- Unit returns investigation to PREA Ombudsman
- OCTS updated
- PREA Ombudsman sends response to inquirer

Disciplinary action would generally be taken if a grievance was filed in bad faith. Compliance was determined by review of policy and grievance logs, as well as an interview with the PREA compliance manager and inmates.

115.53	Inmete access to outside confidential cumpert convises
115.55	Inmate access to outside confidential support services
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	FP-3-E2 - Ensuring Safe Prisons
	A & 0 Booklet re: PREA Support Services
	PREA Signage - "Example"
	MOU with Wise Hope Shelter and Crisis Center
	Memo to Inmates Prior to Hotline
	Corrective Action Plan
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons mandates that MTC facilities provides inmates with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse. The facility has established a MOU with Wise Hope Shelter and Crisis Center to provide counseling and emotional support services related to sexual abuse (confirmed through a telephone interview with a victim advocate from the agency). BCC also provides information for inmates to notify Texas Department of Criminal Justice PREA Ombudsman by mail for support services. Inmates are informed as part of their orientation process that all telephone calls (except properly placed legal calls) are subject to monitoring and recording and that all mail, except for legal mail, is subject to monitoring as well. The handbook and poster also provide information on how to contact the Texas Department of Criminal Justice PREA Ombudsman. The facility enables reasonable communication between inmates and these organizations and agencies in as confidential a manner as possible. During the initial tour of the facility, the "Victim Advocate" hotline was called using the inmate phone system. This system does not allow for inmate to make this type if call. A discussion was held with the PCM and Warden ant the Warden talked to the Victim Advocate Director and the MOU was revised. The new MOU was updated July 14, 2021, provides guidance to the population by advising inmate to access this number, please submit an 1-60 to PREA Compliance Manager, who will arrange access. You may contact the Hope Shelter-by writing the Wise Hope Shelter, 608 N. Business 287, Decatur, TX 76234. This letter will be considered as legal mail and will not be censored, and postage is not required.
	The auditor observation of the new postings in the housing unit, interviews with the local victim advocates and an examination of policy/documentation and Texas Department of Criminal Justice PREA Ombudsman interview confirmed compliance with this standard.

115.54	Third-party reporting
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	FP-3-E2 - Sexual Abuse Assault Prevention & Intervention Program - Pg. 1, 6
	PREA Signage - "Example"
	BBCC Inmate Handbook
	Texas Ombudsman Website Indicating 3rd Party Reporting
	MTC Website Indicating 3rd Party Reporting
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons (A1, A2) -November 1, 2018, the Inmate Handbook and MTC Website meet the requirements of this standard. The handbook also provides third parties contact information to Texas Department of Criminal Justice PREA Ombudsman as an anonymous reporting conduit between inmate, inmate's family and the TDCJ. The PREA Ombudsman was created to provide inmates, and the public, with an independent office to report sexual assaults. The PREA ombudsman provides a confidential avenue for inmates to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment, as well as investigating and responding to PREA complaints and inquiries received from elected officials, the public, and inmates. The primary responsibilities of the PREA Ombudsman Office are to:
	Monitor TDCJ's efforts to eliminate the occurrence of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in correctional facilities;
	Review the TDCJ's policies and procedures to ensure they follow federal and state laws and standards; and
	Respond to public inquiries related to allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in TDCJ correctional facilities and ensure impartial resolution.
	There are posters located throughout the facility including the visitation room on front entrance that provides the address and phone number of the Ombudsman.
	The inmates interviewed indicated they were aware of third-party reporting. Compliance was determined by review of policy, posters, MTC website and TDCJ website and interviews with staff from the Ombudsman's office.

115.61	Staff and agency reporting duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	M
	MTC 903E.02 - Sexual Safety in Prisons (PREA) - Pg. 1, 14
	AD-16.20 Reporting Incident Crimes to the Office of the Inspector General
	MTC Medical - A-27.1 - Sexually Abusive Behavior Prevention & Intervention - Pg. 1, 2
	Sexual Assault Medical Packet
	Correctional Managed Health Care Policy Manual
	203.2 Anti-Harassment
	Safe Prison Plan
	Sexual Assault Investigation Packet
	https://nicic.gov/fifty[1]state-survey-criminal-laws-prohibiting-se xual-abuse-individuals-custody
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons and Safe Prisons PREA Plan meets the mandates of this standard. Staff, contractors and volunteers must report and respond to allegations of sexually abusive behavior, regardless of the source of the report. Interviewed staff members were aware of their duty to immediately report all allegations of sexual abuse, sexual harassment and retaliation relevant to the PREA standards. The reporting is ordinarily made to the Shift Supervisor but could be made privately or to a third party. Policy requires the information concerning the identity of the alleged inmate victim and the specific facts of the case be shared with staff on a need-to-know basis, because of their involvement with the victim's welfare and/or the investigation of the incident. The facility does not house inmates under the age of 18. Medical and Mental Health staff interviews confirmed that unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, medical and mental health practitioners shall be required to report sexual abuse pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section and to inform inmates of the practitioner's duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services. A review of established policy and interviews with staff members support the finding that the facility is in compliance with this standard. Texas has Criminal Laws Prohibiting Sexual Abuse of Individuals in Custody. The warden was interviewed and stated that the facility shall report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the TDCJ and MTC cooperate office

115.62	Agency protection duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC 903E.02 -Sexual Safety in Prisons (PREA) - Pg. 1, 14
	Safe Prison Plan
	Safe Prison/PREA manual
	Statement of Fact
	MTC and TDCJ policies and operational plans mandates that offenders will immediately protected from Interviewed staff members were aware of their duties and responsibilities when they become aware or suspect an inmate is being or has been sexually abused or sexually harassed. All staff indicated they would act immediately to protect the victim, to include separating the victim/predator, securing the scene to protect possible evidence, preventing the destruction of potential evidence and contacting the shift supervisor and medical staff. Staff carry PREA information cards which includes what to do if staff members determine that an inmate in responding to inmate protection if he was subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse. In the past 12 months there was no instance in which agency or facility determined that an inmate was subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse. Compliance was determined by review of the facility operating policies and procedures along with secondary documentation submitted with the pre-audit questionnaire; review of data and documentation provided by the facility staff; and interviewed inmates and staff during an on-site visit and tour of the facility.

115.63	Reporting to other confinement facilities
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC 903E.02 - Sexual Safety in Prisons (PREA) - Pg. 1, 14
	Safe Prisons PREA Plan
	Screening Instrument
	Statement of Fact
	Policy requires that any inmate allegation of sexual abuse that occurred while confined at another facility be reported to the head of the facility where the alleged abuse occurred within 72 hours of receipt of the allegation. Policy also requires that an investigation be initiated. In the past 12 months, there were no allegation from an inmate that he was sexually abuse or harassed while confined at another facility. Compliance was determined through review agency and company policy and interviews with PCM and Warden.

115.64	Staff first responder duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC 903E.02 - Sexual Safety in Prisons (PREA) - Pg. 1, 14, 15
	Lesson Plan - PREA - Sexual Assault, Abuse Recognition & Prevention
	SPPOM 05.01 Sexual Abuse Response and Investigation
	Safe Prisons PREA Plan
	Safe Prisons PREA Operational Manual
	Response Plan Cards
	Policy and several documents (such as the PREA card provided to all staff-interviewed on how to respond to allegations of sexual assaults) provide initial guidance to employees regarding the expected coordinated actions to take place in response to an incident of sexual abuse/sexual harassment. The policies and information provide direction to security staff, medical/mental health practitioners, investigators, staff and community victim advocates, the forensic examination service providers (SANE) and facility leadership. Upon learning of an allegation of sexual assault first responders will immediately notify the nearest correctional staff member. The facility will separate the victim and abuser; preserves and protects the crime scene; and if the incident occurred within the appropriate period for the collection of physical evidence, they would request that the alleged victim not take actions that could destroy physical evidence, to include washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating. First Responder correctional staff should attempt to make notifications to shift supervisor or appropriate staff with as much confidentiality as possible. An examination of policy/documentation, interview with all staff interviewed by auditor including education instructors, support staff and volunteer confirms compliance with this standard. There were three allegations during the last 12 months. All first responders were correctional staff.

115.65	Coordinated response
	Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons (A1, A2) Safe Prisons PREA Plan
	SPPOM 05.01 Sexual Abuse Response and Investigation
	Safe Prison/ PREA Plan
	Lesson Plan - PREA - Sexual Assault, Abuse Recognition & Prevention
	BCC follows the TDCJ Safe Prison PREA coordinated plan that address the mandates of this standard. The policy specifies the guidelines and procedures that prevent sexual abuse/sexual assault and provide for prompt and effective intervention, in the event a case of abuse or assault occurs. Correctional staff carry a card that provides guideline for first responder or coordinated responses to sexual abuse.
	Responding to an allegation of sexual abuse requires a coordinated effort between unit security staff, the Office of the Inspector General (OIG), medical and mental health services, and victim advocates (where available) or an Offender Victim Representative (OVR).
	The following procedures provide a systematic notification and response process following a reported sexual abuse incident. I. Required Procedures Log/ Attachment G
	A. The highest-ranking security supervisor on duty shall ensure the Required Procedures Log/ Attachment G, Sexual Abuse Investigation Checklist is utilized for all sexual abuse allegations to document completion of each part of the notification and response process.
	B. Security supervisors shall use the Required Procedures Log/ Attachment G for both staff-on-offender and offender-on-offender sexual abuse allegations.
	C. The Required Procedures Log/ Attachment G serves as a systematic guide for use by security staff to ensure all victims of sexual abuse receive the required services.
	D. The Required Procedures Log/ Attachment G is not required for sexual harassment allegations; however, a security supervisor shall notify the Emergency Action Center of these allegations in accordance with AD[1]02.15, Operations of the Emergency Action Center and Reporting Procedures for Serious or Unusual Incidents. SPPANS will prompt completion of the Required Procedures Log for sexual harassment, however, staff must document NA in the required fields. The Required Procedures Log is required for all allegations of Voyeurism.
	II. Notification Process
	A. Immediately upon receiving knowledge of an alleged sexual abuse of an offender, the security supervisor responsible for notifications shall ensure the following individuals are notified
	Major or Highest-Ranking Security Supervisor on duty;
	2. Warden or Duty Warden;
	3. Office of Inspector General;
	4. Health Services/Mental Health;
	5. Victim Advocate/Offender Victim Representative (OVR), as applicable;
	6. Emergency Action Center (EAC); and
	7. Unit Safe Prisons/PREA Manager (USPPM).
	B. The first staff member having knowledge of the incident shall immediately report the allegation to a security supervisor.

supervisor on duty.

The security supervisor shall implement notification and response procedures by first notifying the highest-ranking security

- C. The highest-ranking security supervisor on duty shall promptly report the incident to the duty warden with the specifics of the allegation and assign a security supervisor to lead the notification and response process.
- D. The security supervisor shall notify medical personnel of the allegation to initiate medical assessment of the offender. Security staff shall ensure the medical staff conducting the assessment fully understands the assessment is for a sexual abuse allegation.
- E. The highest-ranking security supervisor on duty shall notify the OIG for all allegations of sexual abuse in accordance with AD-16.20, Reporting Incidents/Crimes to the Office of the Inspector General; and provide the OIG with specific details of the alleged abuse. The supervisor shall document the date, time, and full name of the OIG investigator contacted on the Required Procedures Log/Attachment G.
- F. The OIG investigator will determine whether a forensic medical examination is required, in addition to other elements of the investigation, such as crime scene preservation.
- G. Following an allegation of sexual abuse, the security supervisor shall offer the offender a victim advocate, where available, or an OVR to accompany and provide the offender with emotional support services during the forensic examination and/or investigative interviews. If the offender accepts the services, the security supervisor shall immediately contact the advocacy center or OVR and provide the advocate with information regarding the location of the impending exam or interview. The notifying supervisor shall document the appropriate contact information on the Required Procedures Log/ Attachment G, notate the date and time the advocate or OVR was contacted. In the event, the alleged victim refuses support services from an advocate/OVR document "no" in the appropriate field on the Required Procedures Log/ Attachment G and notate the date and time.
- H. The security supervisor shall notify the Emergency Action Center of the alleged sexual abuse in accordance with AD-02.15, Operations of the Emergency Action Center and Reporting Procedures for Serious and Unusual Incidents and document the EAC contact person's full name and notification date and time on the

The auditor reviewed the facility operating policies, observed facility practices, reviewed data and documentation provided by the facility staff, and interviewed inmates and staff during an on-site visit and tour of the facility. The facility provided the auditor with documentation confirming compliance with the standard. There were Coordinated Response Checklist located in all supervisors' offices. One check list from 2020 was reviewed by the auditor.

Compliance was determined through the review of policy, interviews with the non-correctional staff, correctional staff, medical staff, victim advocate; and conversations with Major, Medical, Victim Advocate, PCM and Warden.

115.66	Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons PREA Plan
	Statement of Fact
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons (A1, A2) mandates that any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement must comply with PREA standards dated August 20, 2012. The facility has no collective bargaining agreements. The Warden and Human Resource Manager were interviewed and verified that Bridgeport Correctional Center does not have a collective bargaining agreement. There were no incidents requiring protection for inmates from staff during the last 12 months. Compliance was confirmed through review of the policy and interviews with administrative staff.

115.67	Agency protection against retaliation
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons PREA Plan
	SPPOM 02.04 Intervention Practices
	SPPOM 05.08 90-day monitoring for retaliation
	Retaliation Form for Offender
	BCC prohibits retaliatory behavior by inmates or staff regarding the reporting of sexual abuse, sexual harassment or
	cooperation with investigators as it relates PREA related incidents and allegations. Inmate's rights documentation and staff policy establish expected conduct. The facility PREA Compliance Manager is responsible for monitoring retaliation along with supervisors to monitor inmates as it relates to PREA allegations and incidents. The facility has several protection and reporting measures, for inmates. They can utilize the Grievance Program to document retaliatory acts or other PREA related concerns and issues. The process is overseen by the facility PREA Compliance Manager who works in concert with the
	facility administrators and investigators to ensure privacy and policy compliance. The facility has the option to change inmate housing or transfer inmate victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for inmates or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for
	cooperating with investigations. The monitoring of any type of retaliation is conducted for at least 90 days or longer if warranted. Policy outlines the protection measures available and requires the prompt re-mediation of any type of retaliation. The agency has implemented Texas Department of Criminal Justice Offender Data System for documenting retaliation.
	Also, any use of involuntary segregated housing for the inmate who alleged suffering sexual abuse shall only be used after
	an assessment determines there is a form for documenting Retaliation. A review of the Data Base confirmed that inmates had made allegation of sexual abuse have received retaliation monitoring. A review of the retaliation monitoring document
	confirmed that the alleging victim was interviewed within 24 hours of the allegations and continuously interviewed weekly. Interview with the retaliation monitor for residents and the Warden for staff indicated the facility monitors the conduct and treatment of inmates or staff who reported sexual abuse and of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to

see if there are any changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff. Compliance was determined by review of policy, notification systems and interviews with PREA Coordinator, Warden and facility PREA Compliance Manager

115.68	Post-allegation protective custody
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons/PREA Plan
	AD 04.63 Transient Status Inmates
	AD 03.50 Administrative Segregation
	The agency policy provides for the use of restrictive housing only Inmates determined through the PREA risk screen to have a high risk of victimization will not be housed in Restricted Housing or protective custody solely for the purpose of separating the inmate from potential abusers, unless, the Classification committee, mental health and the warden determines there is no alternative means of separating the inmate from likely abusers, taking into consideration the penological interests of the facility and efficient, safe management of the inmate population as a whole and such placement is temporary and subject to regular review. The facility has 4 restrictive housing cells. Inmates who may require separation who also meet the criteria for placement in Restricted Housing may be housed in Restricted Housing. In the past 12 months there were no inmates held in involuntary segregated housing awaiting completion of assessment or for their safety. Interviews with staff and review of policy and procedures confirmed compliance with this standard.
	Compliance with this standard was determined by a review of policy and documentation, as well as staff interviews including Shift Supervisor, PCM and Warden.

115.71	Criminal and administrative agency investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons/PREA Plan
	SPPOM 05.05 Completing the Inmate Protection Investigation
	AD-16.03 Evidence Handling
	OIG OPM 03.72 Records Retention-PREA
	AD 16.20 Reporting Incident Crimes to the Office of the Inspector General
	MTC Investigation Notification and Action Form
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons and Safe Prisons/PREA Plan provides guidance for investigation of all allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Contracting documentation requires that TDCJ Office of Inspector General have law enforcement credentials and are responsible for investigating all allegations of sexual abuse. Investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data; interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses; review prior complaints and reports of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator. When a case has been substantiated allegations of conduct that appear to be criminal it is referred for prosecution and the facility consults with the prosecutor. Because an outside agency is investigating the facility cooperates and remains informed about the progress of the investigation.
	BCC investigator provided documentation of completions of Sexual Abuse and Harassment investigator's training. Discussion with the investigators validated training included all aspects of the standards for sexual abuse and harassment training. The facility investigators conducts administrative investigations. Allegations of sexual abuse or harassment that appears to be criminal in nature (in conjunction with the facility Warden) are referred to Texas Department of Criminal Justice Office of Inspector General for investigation.
	Substantiated allegation that are criminal in nature will be forwarded to local prosecutor for possible prosecution. There were three (3) completed investigations of sexual abuse investigated over the previous 12 months, there was one referrals for criminal investigations. Each of the allegations were forwarded to OIG. OIG reviewed the allegations a preliminary review and forwarded back to the facility for investigations. The credibility of an alleged victim, suspect or witness is assessed on an

individual basis and is not determined by the person's status as inmate or staff. The Agency does not require an inmate who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth assessment device as a condition for proceeding with the investigation of such an allegation. The review of policy and interview with MTC investigator confirmed compliance

with policy.

115.72	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons/PREA Plan
	Sexual Assault Investigation Packet
	Training Curriculum
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons and TDCJ Safe Prisons/PREA Plan mandates In accordance with PREA standards, during the course of investigations, the facility shall impose no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence when determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or harassment are substantiated.
	Investigator training programs provide in-depth clarification of this standard. When interviewed, the investigators were aware of the evidence standard. Compliance was determined by review of policy, investigator training curriculum, interview with investigators and PCM.

115.73	Reporting to inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons/PREA Plan
	Documented notification
	TDCJ and MTC requires that any inmate who makes an allegation that he suffered sexual abuse at a MTC facility be informed, in writing, whether the allegation has been determined to be unsubstantiated, substantiated or unfounded at the conclusion of the investigation. When an allegation involves staff, the inmate would be informed if the staff member is no longer posted within their housing unit, is no longer employed at the facility, if the staff member was indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility or the Agency learned that the staff member was convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse. These findings would also be communicated to the inmate if the investigation was completed by an outside agency (OIG). When an inmate's allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility, the agency will inform the inmate as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded. When the agency did not conduct the investigation into an inmate's allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the inmate. When an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, the agency subsequently informs the alleged victim whenever the agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. When an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, the agency subsequently informs the alleged victim whenever the agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. When the allegation involves staff, the inmate would be informed if the staff member is no longer posted within their housing unit, is no longer employed at the facility, if the staff member was indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse. During this auditing period, there were three (3) administrative investigations of alleged

information was documented on the Investigation Work Sheet. Compliance with this standard was determined by a review of

policy, staff interviews and inmates and copy of inmate's notifications forms.

115.76	Disciplinary sanctions for staff
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons/PREA Plan
	Employee Handbook; Staff Relationship
	Employee Disciplinary
	Statement of Fact
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons, Disciplinary Sanctions for Staff mandates staff members are subject to disciplinary sanctions for violating Agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies. Discipline would be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories. Policy also indicates that termination is the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff that has been found to have engaged in sexual abuse. All terminations for violations of agency inmate sexual abuse or harassment policies or resignations by staff that would have been terminated before their resignation, will be reported to law enforcement agencies, unless the activity was not criminal, and to any relevant licensing bodies. The PAQ indicated there were three resignations or terminations during the last 12 months. These allegations and terminations were presceding the 12 month period. A discussion with the Warden and PCM substantiated that there were no resignations or terminations during the last 12 months. There have been two unsubstantiated cases of staff engaging in sexual abuse or sexual harassment in the last twelve months.
	Compliance with this standard was determined by a review of policy and interviews with the investigator, warden and human resources staff.

115.77	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons/PREA Plan
	Statement of Fact
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons Corrective Action for Contractors and Volunteers address the mandates of this standard. Any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse/sexual harassment would be prohibited from contact with inmates and would be reported to the appropriate investigator and law enforcement or relevant professional/licensing/certifying bodies, unless the activity was clearly not criminal in nature. In cases that were not criminal in nature, the facility would take appropriate remedial measures and consider whether to prohibit further contact with inmates. During the previous year, there were no incidents where a contractor or volunteer was accused of, suspected or found guilty of sexual abuse or sexual harassment at the BCC. Compliance with this standard was determined by a review of policy, volunteer/contractor training files and contractor interviews.

115.78	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons/PREA Plan
	Disciplinary Rules and Procedures for Inmates
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons, Disciplinary Sanctions for Inmates and the Offender Handbook address the mandates of this standard. Information on inmate disciplinary sanctions is provided as part of the orientation process upon entry into the facility. Inmates interviewed indicated a good understanding of their freedom to make allegations without consequences for making good faith allegations. The Inmate Discipline Program defines sexual assault of any person, involving non-consensual touching by force or threat of force, as the greatest severity level prohibited act. The program identifies inmates engaging in sexual acts and making sexual proposals or threats to another as a high severity level prohibited act. Consensual sex or sexual harassment of any nature is prohibited and will result in discipline. Consensual sex between inmates does not constitute sexual abuse. Sanctions are commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the
	abuse committed, along with the inmate's disciplinary history and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other
	inmates with similar histories.

Inmates are subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to the formal disciplinary process defined in the Inmate Discipline Program. The disciplinary process considers whether an inmate's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to the inmate's behavior when determining what type of sanction, if any, should be imposed. Prior to disciplinary hearing mental health staff access the above information. The facility considers the offer of therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse. The institution does not discipline inmates who make an allegation in good faith, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation. There were no disciplinary actions regarding PREA violations. Compliance with this standard was determined by a review of policy/documentation and the inmate discipline process, as well as staff and inmate interviews.

115.81	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion

POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:

MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons

Safe Prisons/PREA Plan

Safe Prisons/PREA Plan PREA Institutional Risk Screens Referral to Mental Health Services

mandates inmates who disclosed prior victimization during screening are offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner. Additionally, inmates who have previously perpetrated sexual abuse, as indicated during the screening, were offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner. Treatment services are offered without financial cost to the inmate. This was confirmed by observation and a review of intake screening documents. Screening for prior sexual victimization in any setting is conducted by PREA compliance team staff during in-processing procedures. In-processing procedures also screen for previous sexually assaultive behavior in an institutional setting or in the community. During the intake process a medical provider separately interview the incoming inmate. During this process follow-up meetings with inmate that have history of sexual abuse or are identified as a sexual predator or scheduled. When requested staff members ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening. Information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness is limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff with a need-to-know for treatment plans, security, housing, work, program assignments and management decisions. Signed and dated informed consents are obtained from inmates before reporting prior sexual victimization which did not occur in an institutional setting.

The institution does not house inmates under the age of 18. All screenings are recorded in the Medical and Mental Health inmate records. All information is handled confidentially and interviews with intake screening staff support a finding that the facility follows this standard.

In the past 12 months, the facility has not received any offenders with a past prison or jail record that indicates the offender perpetrated sexual abuse while incarcerated. If such offenders were received, the offenders would be referred to Mental Health by way of a Referral to Mental Health Services. In the event that Medical or Mental Health staff do report an allegation of sexual victimization, security staff will handle the matter with as much confidentiality, respect, and compassion as can be appropriately afforded consistent with security policy. Information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting is strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners. The auditor interviewed medical and mental health staff. Compliance was confirmed by a review of policies and intake screening documents. No offender claimed history of victimization during the last 12 months. Medical staff and case managers interviewed stated they had no claims during the medical encounter or during re screenings. Compliance was determined by review of the screening instrument, interviews with inmates, medical and mental health staff.

115.82	Access to emergency medical and mental health services
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons/PREA Plan
	SPPOM 05.01 Sexual Abuse Response and Investigation
	Sexual Abuse Investigation Checklist
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons; access to Emergency Medical and Mental Health Services address the requirements of this standard. The facility medical and mental health personnel provide emergency medical services to inmates. Medical personnel are on duty 12 hours a day, seven days. Mental health providers are on-site 1 to 2 days per week and are also available for call-back during off duty hours. Medical and Mental health staff are available for tele-medical and mental health 24 hours a day. Agency policy prohibits inmate co-pays for medical treatment to victims of sexual abuse and all treatment is offered at no financial cost to the inmate. Inmate victims of sexual abuse, while incarcerated, are offered information about and timely access to information on sexually transmitted infection prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate. There were no allegations of sexual abuse that required referral for forensic examination in the last year. Compliance with this standard was determined by a review of

	·			
115.83	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers			
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard			
	Auditor Discussion			
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:			
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons			
	Safe Prisons/PREA Plan			
	SPPOM 05.01 Sexual Abuse Response and Investigation			
	Correctional Managed Health Care Manual G-57.1 Sexual Assault/Sexual Abuse			
	Health Services and Mental Health staff will offer evaluation, testing and treatment as determined appropriate for victims of sexual abuse. The evaluation, testing and treatment of victims will include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and when necessary, referrals for continued care following transfer to, or placement at other facilities.			
	Victims shall be offered medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care and services typically provided to sexual abuse victims in the community. Victims of sexual abuse will be offered tests for sexually transmitted infections/disease (STDs) as deemed medically appropriate, and in accordance with state statutes regarding the rights of victims and alleged perpetrator. Treatment services, testing and follow-up care will be provided to victims by Health Services staff without financial cost to the victim, and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser/perpetrator or cooperates with the investigation arising out of the incident. As deemed appropriate by Sex Offender Management Program staff, a mental health evaluation will be offered to all known inmate-on-inmate abusers within 60 days of staff learning of such abuse. Programming and treatment may be offered, depending on the inmate's release date			
	As requested by the victim, a qualified community-based organization staff member, may accompany and support the victim through the medical examination process, testing and investigatory interviews to provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referral to the inmate victim. The Victim Advocate will continue to provide emotional supports as requested by the offenders.			

Compliance to the standard was verified through review of policy and interviews with medical and mental health director and

staff from the Victim Advocacy Program.

115.86	Sexual abuse incident reviews
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons/PREA Plan
	Classification Committee Docket Review of Offender Protection investigation
	SPPOM 02.01 Role of Unit Investigative Team and UIT members
	Admin Review
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons, Sexual abuse: incident reviews address the mandates of this standard. The policy requires the following:
	(a) Within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation, unless the allegation was determined to be unfounded, a review team, designated by the Chief Administrative Officer, shall review the case and:
	(b) Determine what may have been the motivation for the incident or allegation such as, but not be limited to, race, ethnicity, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, transgenderism, intersex identification, gang affiliation, etc.
	(c) Determine if there is a need for changes to policy or procedure; or if factors such as physical barriers or staffing may have enabled the abuse.
	(d) Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed to supplement staff supervision.
	(e) The review team shall prepare and submit to the Chief Administrative Officer and facility PREA Compliance Manager a written report of their findings and any recommendations for improvement.
	(f) Documentation for any recommendation not implemented shall be maintained.
	The facility conducts a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every criminal or administrative sexual abuse investigation, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded. In the past 12 months, there has been two (2) criminal and/or administrative investigations of alleged sexual abuse completed at the facility. The facility prepared a report of its findings from sexual abuse incident reviews, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1)-(d)(5) of this section and any recommendations for improvement, and submits such report to the facility head, MTC cooperate office, TDCJ regional private facility supervisor and PREA Compliance Manager. Interviews with the Warden, A review of the Incident Review team documentation of an alleged sexual abuse, policy and interviews with the Warden, MTC PREA coordinator, BCC PREA compliance manager confirmed compliance with this standard.

115.87	Data collection
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC) Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons Safe Prisons PREA Plan 2/19
	A review of documentation supports the finding that the TDCJ has collected accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control (including contract facilities), using a standardized instrument and set of definitions. The incident-based data collected includes information required to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice. The agency data has been aggregated at least annually for the last two years. Upon request, the agency would provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30. The facility provides the required data for the preparation of the report. A review of documentation and staff interviews confirmed compliance to this standard. The data collected includes the information necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence, conducted by the Department of Justice. The Agency aggregates and reviews all data annually. Upon request, the Agency would provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30 of each year. Compliance with this standard was also determined by a review of policy/documentation TDCJ website and an interview with the TDCJ PREA Coordinator office, BCC PCM and MTC PREA coordinator.

115.88	Data review for corrective action
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	MTC) Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons PREA Plan
	SPPOM Monthly Safe Prisons PREA Report
	OIG 04.05 Inmate Sexual Assault Investigations
	AD-02.15 Operations of the EAC and Reporting Procedures
	Surveys of Sexual Violence
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons Data Review for Corrective Action address the mandates of this standard. The agency and facility review and assess all sexual abuse/sexual harassment data at least annually to improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection and response policies, to identify any trends, issues or problematic areas and to take corrective action if needed. The PREA Compliance Manager forwards data to the agency PREA Coordinator and to the TDCJ PREA coordinator. BCC sends a monthly report of allegations of sexual abuse to MTC and TDCJ. A review of reports for 2019 included all allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment and the findings of each allegation. Compliance with this standard was determined by a review of policy/documentation and staff interviews.

115.89	Data storage, publication, and destruction
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	POLICY AND DOCUMENT REVIEWED:
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons
	Safe Prisons PREA Plan
	MTC Policy 903E.02 Ensuring Safe Prisons Data Storage, Publication, and Destruction addresses the requirements of this standard. The data is retained in a secure filing system. The final report does not contain any personal identifiers and policy requires that the statistical data be retained for a period of no less than 10 years, unless federal, state or local law requires otherwise. The agency makes the information available on the MTC website. The reports cover all data required in the elements of this standard. Staff interviews and a review of documentation confirmed compliance with this standard. The required reports cover all data required in this standard and are is retained in a file. Compliance with this standard was determined by a review of policy/documentation and interviews with PCM and Warden

115.401	Frequency and scope of audits
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	This is the third PREA audit of this facility. The previous PREA audit was in May 2018. The auditor was allowed access to all areas of the facility and had access to all required supporting documentation. The auditor was able to conduct private interviews with both inmates and staff. All MTC facilities have received at least one PREA audit since August 20, 2012. At least one-third of all MTC facilities were audited during the one-year period after August 20, 2012, until the Covid-19 virus required Governors and other officials to limit movement into their respective States and into correctional facilities. The auditor was provided supporting documentation before and during the audit. Notifications of the audit (posted throughout the facility) allowed inmates to send confidential letters to the auditor prior to the audit. No correspondences were received by the auditor.

115.403	Audit contents and findings
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The institution has fully implemented all policies, practices and procedures outlined in the PREA standards. The auditor reviewed applicable standards and, through the review of supporting documentation, interviews with staff and inmates and the observation of physical evidence, concluded that this facility fully meets and substantially complies in all material ways with the PREA standards for the relevant review period. The agency and facility's leadership are fully committed to eliminating sexual abuse/sexual harassment, as evidenced in the realistic staffing analysis and the recommendations for enhanced supervision techniques. Substantiated allegations of abuse are processed in accordance with the standards, to include incident reviews, disciplinary actions, if required, and outcome notifications.
	PREA training for staff and inmates is documented and all stakeholders receive the appropriate level of training and are knowledgeable of the intent of the PREA and the tools available to ensure prevention, detection, reporting and response to sexual abuse incidents. Sexual abuse and victimization propensity screening is well established and tracked in an organized fashion. Referrals for mental health counseling are integrated in the intake and allegations of sexual abuse processes. Medical networks for the inmates are established in the community. The public has access to reporting mechanisms and PREA trends data via the website. Bridgeport Correctional Center currently meet all applicable PREA standards

Appendix: Provision Findings			
115.11 (a)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator		
	Does the agency have a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes	
	Does the written policy outline the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes	
115.11 (b)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator		
	Has the agency employed or designated an agency-wide PREA Coordinator?	yes	
	Is the PREA Coordinator position in the upper-level of the agency hierarchy?	yes	
	Does the PREA Coordinator have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all of its facilities?	yes	
115.11 (c)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator		
	If this agency operates more than one facility, has each facility designated a PREA compliance manager? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes	
	Does the PREA compliance manager have sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes	
115.12 (a)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates		
	If this agency is public and it contracts for the confinement of its inmates with private agencies or other entities including other government agencies, has the agency included the entity's obligation to comply with the PREA standards in any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	na	
115.12 (b)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates		
	Does any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012 provide for agency contract monitoring to ensure that the contractor is complying with the PREA standards? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	na	

115.13 (a)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Does the facility have a documented staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect inmates against sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Generally accepted detention and correctional practices?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any judicial findings of inadequacy?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: All components of the facility's physical plant (including "blind-spots" or areas where staff or inmates may be isolated)?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The composition of the inmate population?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The number and placement of supervisory staff?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The institution programs occurring on a particular shift?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any applicable State or local laws, regulations, or standards?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any other relevant factors?	yes
115.13 (b)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, does the facility document and justify all deviations from the plan? (N/A if no deviations from staffing plan.)	na
115.13 (c)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The staffing plan established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The facility's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan?	yes

115.13 (d)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Has the facility/agency implemented a policy and practice of having intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Is this policy and practice implemented for night shifts as well as day shifts?	yes
	Does the facility/agency have a policy prohibiting staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the facility?	yes
115.14 (a)	Youthful inmates	
	Does the facility place all youthful inmates in housing units that separate them from sight, sound, and physical contact with any adult inmates through use of a shared dayroom or other common space, shower area, or sleeping quarters? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.14 (b)	Youthful inmates	
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency maintain sight and sound separation between youthful inmates and adult inmates? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency provide direct staff supervision when youthful inmates and adult inmates have sight, sound, or physical contact? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.14 (c)	Youthful inmates	
	Does the agency make its best efforts to avoid placing youthful inmates in isolation to comply with this provision? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Does the agency, while complying with this provision, allow youthful inmates daily large-muscle exercise and legally required special education services, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Do youthful inmates have access to other programs and work opportunities to the extent possible? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.15 (a)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting any cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or by medical practitioners?	yes
115.15 (b)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	na
	Does the facility always refrain from restricting female inmates' access to regularly available programming or other out-of-cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	na
115.15 (c)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches?	yes
	Does the facility document all cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates)?	na

115.15 (d)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility have policies that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility have procedures that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an inmate housing unit?	yes
115.15 (e)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex inmates for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status?	yes
	If an inmate's genital status is unknown, does the facility determine genital status during conversations with the inmate, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner?	yes
115.15 (f)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct searches of transgender and intersex inmates in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes

115.16 (a)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are blind or have low vision?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have psychiatric disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have speech disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Other (if "other," please explain in overall determination notes.)	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, ensuring effective communication with inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, providing access to interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have limited reading skills?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: are blind or have low vision?	yes
115.16 (b)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to inmates who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Do these steps include providing interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes

115.16 (c)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency always refrain from relying on inmate interpreters, inmate readers, or other types of inmate assistance except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the inmate's safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate's allegations?	yes
115.17 (a)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes
115.17 (b)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone who may have contact with inmates?	yes
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes
115.17 (c)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency perform a criminal background records check?	yes
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency, consistent with Federal, State, and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse?	yes
115.17 (d)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency perform a criminal background records check before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes
115.17 (e)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency either conduct criminal background records checks at least every five years of current employees and contractors who may have contact with inmates or have in place a system for otherwise capturing such information for current employees?	yes

115.17 (f)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions?	yes
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in any interviews or written self-evaluations conducted as part of reviews of current employees?	yes
	Does the agency impose upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct?	yes
115.17 (g)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, grounds for termination?	yes
115.17 (h)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such employee has applied to work? (N/A if providing information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee is prohibited by law.)	yes
115.18 (a)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency designed or acquired any new facility or planned any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, did the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	na
115.18 (b)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, did the agency consider how such technology may enhance the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	na
115.21 (a)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, does the agency follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.21 (b)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Is this protocol developmentally appropriate for youth where applicable? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	na
	Is this protocol, as appropriate, adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents," or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes

115.21 (c)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency offer all victims of sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations, whether on-site or at an outside facility, without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate?	yes
	Are such examinations performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible?	yes
	If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, is the examination performed by other qualified medical practitioners (they must have been specifically trained to conduct sexual assault forensic exams)?	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to provide SAFEs or SANEs?	yes
115.21 (d)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center?	yes
	If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, does the agency make available to provide these services a qualified staff member from a community-based organization, or a qualified agency staff member? (N/A if the agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	па
	Has the agency documented its efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers?	yes
115.21 (e)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	As requested by the victim, does the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews?	yes
	As requested by the victim, does this person provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals?	yes
115.21 (f)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, has the agency requested that the investigating agency follow the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting criminal AND administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.21 (h)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency uses a qualified agency staff member or a qualified community-based staff member for the purposes of this section, has the individual been screened for appropriateness to serve in this role and received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general? (N/A if agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	yes
115.22 (a)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual harassment?	yes

115.22 (b)	2 (b) Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency have a policy and practice in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior?	yes
	Has the agency published such policy on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means?	yes
	Does the agency document all such referrals?	yes
115.22 (c)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	If a separate entity is responsible for conducting criminal investigations, does the policy describe the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for criminal investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.31 (a)	Employee training	
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on its zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on inmates' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the right of inmates and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming inmates?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities?	yes
115.31 (b)	Employee training	
	Is such training tailored to the gender of the inmates at the employee's facility?	yes
	Have employees received additional training if reassigned from a facility that houses only male inmates to a facility that houses only female inmates, or vice versa?	yes

115.31 (c)	Employee training	
	Have all current employees who may have contact with inmates received such training?	yes
	Does the agency provide each employee with refresher training every two years to ensure that all employees know the agency's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures?	yes
	In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, does the agency provide refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies?	yes
115.31 (d)	Employee training	
	Does the agency document, through employee signature or electronic verification, that employees understand the training they have received?	yes
115.32 (a)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Has the agency ensured that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures?	yes
115.32 (b)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Have all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates been notified of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents (the level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services they provide and level of contact they have with inmates)?	yes
115.32 (c)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Does the agency maintain documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received?	yes
115.33 (a)	Inmate education	
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
115.33 (b)	Inmate education	
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from retaliation for reporting such incidents?	yes
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents?	yes
115.33 (c)	Inmate education	
	Have all inmates received the comprehensive education referenced in 115.33(b)?	yes
	Do inmates receive education upon transfer to a different facility to the extent that the policies and procedures of the inmate's new facility differ from those of the previous facility?	yes

115.33 (d)	Inmate education	
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are deaf?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are visually impaired?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are otherwise disabled?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who have limited reading skills?	yes
115.33 (e)	Inmate education	
	Does the agency maintain documentation of inmate participation in these education sessions?	yes
115.33 (f)	Inmate education	
	In addition to providing such education, does the agency ensure that key information is continuously and readily available or visible to inmates through posters, inmate handbooks, or other written formats?	yes
115.34 (a)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to §115.31, does the agency ensure that, to the extent the agency itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators receive training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.34 (b)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does this specialized training include techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.34 (c)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that agency investigators have completed the required specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.35 (a)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how and to whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
115.35 (b)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	If medical staff employed by the agency conduct forensic examinations, do such medical staff receive appropriate training to conduct such examinations? (N/A if agency medical staff at the facility do not conduct forensic exams or the agency does not employ medical staff.)	yes
115.35 (c)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that medical and mental health practitioners have received the training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
115.35 (d)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners employed by the agency also receive training mandated for employees by §115.31? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners employed by the agency.)	yes
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency also receive training mandated for contractors and volunteers by §115.32? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency.)	yes
115.41 (a)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Are all inmates assessed during an intake screening for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
	Are all inmates assessed upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
115.41 (b)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Do intake screenings ordinarily take place within 72 hours of arrival at the facility?	yes
115.41 (c)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	

115.41 (d)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (1) Whether the inmate has a mental, physical, or developmental disability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (2) The age of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (3) The physical build of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (4) Whether the inmate has previously been incarcerated?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (5) Whether the inmate's criminal history is exclusively nonviolent?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (6) Whether the inmate has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (7) Whether the inmate is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming (the facility affirmatively asks the inmate about his/her sexual orientation and gender identity AND makes a subjective determination based on the screener's perception whether the inmate is gender non-conforming or otherwise may be perceived to be LGBTI)?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (8) Whether the inmate has previously experienced sexual victimization?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (9) The inmate's own perception of vulnerability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (10) Whether the inmate is detained solely for civil immigration purposes?	no
115.41 (e)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior acts of sexual abuse?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior convictions for violent offenses?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse?	yes
115.41 (f)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	,
	Within a set time period not more than 30 days from the inmate's arrival at the facility, does the facility reassess the inmate's risk of victimization or abusiveness based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening?	yes

115.41 (g)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a referral?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a request?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to receipt of additional information that bears on the inmate's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness?	yes
115.41 (h)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Is it the case that inmates are not ever disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1), (d)(7), (d) (8), or (d)(9) of this section?	yes
115.41 (i)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Has the agency implemented appropriate controls on the dissemination within the facility of responses to questions asked pursuant to this standard in order to ensure that sensitive information is not exploited to the inmate's detriment by staff or other inmates?	yes
115.42 (a)	Use of screening information	
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Housing Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Bed assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Work Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Education Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Program Assignments?	yes
115.42 (b)	Use of screening information	
	Does the agency make individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each inmate?	yes
115.42 (c)	Use of screening information	
	When deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex inmate to a facility for male or female inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems (NOTE: if an agency by policy or practice assigns inmates to a male or female facility on the basis of anatomy alone, that agency is not in compliance with this standard)?	yes
	When making housing or other program assignments for transgender or intersex inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems?	yes

115.42 (d)	Use of screening information	
	Are placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex inmate reassessed at least twice each year to review any threats to safety experienced by the inmate?	yes
115.42 (e)	Use of screening information	
	Are each transgender or intersex inmate's own views with respect to his or her own safety given serious consideration when making facility and housing placement decisions and programming assignments?	yes
115.42 (f)	Use of screening information	
	Are transgender and intersex inmates given the opportunity to shower separately from other inmates?	yes
115.42 (g)	Use of screening information	
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: lesbian, gay, and bisexual inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent degree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: transgender inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent degree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: intersex inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent degree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
115.43 (a)	Protective Custody	
	Does the facility always refrain from placing inmates at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers?	yes
	If a facility cannot conduct such an assessment immediately, does the facility hold the inmate in involuntary segregated housing for less than 24 hours while completing the assessment?	yes

115.43 (b)	Protective Custody	
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Programs to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Privileges to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Education to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Work opportunities to the extent possible?	yes
	If the facility restricts any access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the opportunities that have been limited? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
	If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the duration of the limitation? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
	If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the reasons for such limitations? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
115.43 (c)	Protective Custody	
	Does the facility assign inmates at high risk of sexual victimization to involuntary segregated housing only until an alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged?	yes
	Does such an assignment not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days?	yes
115.43 (d)	Protective Custody	
	If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The basis for the facility's concern for the inmate's safety?	yes
	If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged?	yes
115.43 (e)	Protective Custody	
	In the case of each inmate who is placed in involuntary segregation because he/she is at high risk of sexual victimization, does the facility afford a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population EVERY 30 DAYS?	yes
115.51 (a)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Retaliation by other inmates or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents?	yes
		yes

115.51 (b)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency also provide at least one way for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency?	yes
	Is that private entity or office able to receive and immediately forward inmate reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials?	yes
	Does that private entity or office allow the inmate to remain anonymous upon request?	yes
	Are inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security? (N/A if the facility never houses inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	na
115.51 (c)	Inmate reporting	
	Does staff accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties?	yes
	Does staff promptly document any verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.51 (d)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmates?	yes
115.52 (a)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Is the agency exempt from this standard? NOTE: The agency is exempt ONLY if it does not have administrative procedures to address inmate grievances regarding sexual abuse. This does not mean the agency is exempt simply because an inmate does not have to or is not ordinarily expected to submit a grievance to report sexual abuse. This means that as a matter of explicit policy, the agency does not have an administrative remedies process to address sexual abuse.	no
115.52 (b)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency permit inmates to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse without any type of time limits? (The agency may apply otherwise-applicable time limits to any portion of a grievance that does not allege an incident of sexual abuse.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency always refrain from requiring an inmate to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (c)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency ensure that: An inmate who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that: Such grievance is not referred to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.52 (d)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance? (Computation of the 90-day time period does not include time consumed by inmates in preparing any administrative appeal.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the agency claims the maximum allowable extension of time to respond of up to 70 days per 115.52(d)(3) when the normal time period for response is insufficient to make an appropriate decision, does the agency notify the inmate in writing of any such extension and provide a date by which a decision will be made? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	At any level of the administrative process, including the final level, if the inmate does not receive a response within the time allotted for reply, including any properly noticed extension, may an inmate consider the absence of a response to be a denial at that level? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (e)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Are third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, permitted to assist inmates in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Are those third parties also permitted to file such requests on behalf of inmates? (If a third party files such a request on behalf of an inmate, the facility may require as a condition of processing the request that the alleged victim agree to have the request filed on his or her behalf, and may also require the alleged victim to personally pursue any subsequent steps in the administrative remedy process.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the inmate declines to have the request processed on his or her behalf, does the agency document the inmate's decision? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (f)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Has the agency established procedures for the filing of an emergency grievance alleging that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance alleging an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does the agency immediately forward the grievance (or any portion thereof that alleges the substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse) to a level of review at which immediate corrective action may be taken? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.).	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency provide an initial response within 48 hours? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency issue a final agency decision within 5 calendar days? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response and final agency decision document the agency's determination whether the inmate is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency's final decision document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (g)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	If the agency disciplines an inmate for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse, does it do so ONLY where the agency demonstrates that the inmate filed the grievance in bad faith? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.53 (a)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the facility provide inmates with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse by giving inmates mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations?	yes
	Does the facility provide persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available of local, State, or national immigrant services agencies? (N/A if the facility never has persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	yes
	Does the facility enable reasonable communication between inmates and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible?	yes
115.53 (b)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the facility inform inmates, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws?	yes
115.53 (c)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the agency maintain or attempt to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with community service providers that are able to provide inmates with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency maintain copies of agreements or documentation showing attempts to enter into such agreements?	yes
115.54 (a)	Third-party reporting	
	Has the agency established a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Has the agency distributed publicly information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of an inmate?	yes
115.61 (a)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding retaliation against inmates or staff who reported an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment or retaliation?	yes
115.61 (b)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials, does staff always refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions?	yes

115.61 (c)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, are medical and mental health practitioners required to report sexual abuse pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	Are medical and mental health practitioners required to inform inmates of the practitioner's duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services?	yes
115.61 (d)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	If the alleged victim is under the age of 18 or considered a vulnerable adult under a State or local vulnerable persons statute, does the agency report the allegation to the designated State or local services agency under applicable mandatory reporting laws?	yes
115.61 (e)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the facility report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility's designated investigators?	yes
115.62 (a)	Agency protection duties	
	When the agency learns that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does it take immediate action to protect the inmate?	yes
115.63 (a)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Upon receiving an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused while confined at another facility, does the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred?	yes
115.63 (b)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Is such notification provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation?	yes
115.63 (c)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the agency document that it has provided such notification?	yes
115.63 (d)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the facility head or agency office that receives such notification ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with these standards?	yes
115.64 (a)	Staff first responder duties	
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Separate the alleged victim and abuser?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes

115.64 (b)	Staff first responder duties	
	If the first staff responder is not a security staff member, is the responder required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff?	yes
115.65 (a)	Coordinated response	
	Has the facility developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
115.66 (a)	Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers	
	Are both the agency and any other governmental entities responsible for collective bargaining on the agency's behalf prohibited from entering into or renewing any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement that limit the agency's ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any inmates pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted?	yes
115.67 (a)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Has the agency established a policy to protect all inmates and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other inmates or staff?	yes
	Has the agency designated which staff members or departments are charged with monitoring retaliation?	yes
115.67 (b)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Does the agency employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for inmate victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for inmates or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations?	yes

115.67 (c)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates or staff who reported the sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Act promptly to remedy any such retaliation?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor any inmate disciplinary reports?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate housing changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate program changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor negative performance reviews of staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor reassignments of staff?	yes
	Does the agency continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need?	yes
115.67 (d)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	In the case of inmates, does such monitoring also include periodic status checks?	yes
115.67 (e)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, does the agency take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation?	yes
115.68 (a)	Post-allegation protective custody	
	Is any and all use of segregated housing to protect an inmate who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse subject to the requirements of § 115.43?	yes
115.71 (a)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the agency conducts its own investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, does it do so promptly, thoroughly, and objectively? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does the agency conduct such investigations for all allegations, including third party and anonymous reports? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.71 (b)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Where sexual abuse is alleged, does the agency use investigators who have received specialized training in sexual abuse investigations as required by 115.34?	yes
115.71 (c)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data?	yes
	Do investigators interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses?	yes
	Do investigators review prior reports and complaints of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator?	yes
115.71 (d)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, does the agency conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution?	yes
115.71 (e)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do agency investigators assess the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual's status as inmate or staff?	yes
	Does the agency investigate allegations of sexual abuse without requiring an inmate who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding?	yes
115.71 (f)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse?	yes
	Are administrative investigations documented in written reports that include a description of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings?	yes
115.71 (g)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are criminal investigations documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible?	yes
115.71 (h)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are all substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal referred for prosecution?	yes
115.71 (i)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency retain all written reports referenced in 115.71(f) and (g) for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years?	yes
115.71 (j)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency ensure that the departure of an alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the agency does not provide a basis for terminating an investigation?	yes
115.71 (I)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When an outside entity investigates sexual abuse, does the facility cooperate with outside investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation? (N/A if an outside agency does not conduct administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.72 (a)	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations	
	Is it true that the agency does not impose a standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated?	yes
115.73 (a)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an investigation into an inmate's allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency inform the inmate as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded?	yes
115.73 (b)	Reporting to inmates	
	If the agency did not conduct the investigation into an inmate's allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the inmate? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations.)	yes
115.73 (c)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the inmate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer posted within the inmate's unit?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer employed at the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse in the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
115.73 (d)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
115.73 (e)	Reporting to inmates	
	Does the agency document all such notifications or attempted notifications?	yes
115.76 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are staff subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies?	yes
115.76 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse?	yes

115.76 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories?	yes
115.76 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Law enforcement agencies(unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.77 (a)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse prohibited from contact with inmates?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.77 (b)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	In the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer, does the facility take appropriate remedial measures, and consider whether to prohibit further contact with inmates?	yes
115.78 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Following an administrative finding that an inmate engaged in inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, or following a criminal finding of guilt for inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, are inmates subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to a formal disciplinary process?	yes
115.78 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Are sanctions commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the inmate's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other inmates with similar histories?	yes
115.78 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	When determining what types of sanction, if any, should be imposed, does the disciplinary process consider whether an inmate's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his or her behavior?	yes
115.78 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	If the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, does the facility consider whether to require the offending inmate to participate in such interventions as a condition of access to programming and other benefits?	yes
115.78 (e)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Does the agency discipline an inmate for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact?	yes

115.78 (f)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	For the purpose of disciplinary action does a report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred NOT constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation?	yes
115.78 (g)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	If the agency prohibits all sexual activity between inmates, does the agency always refrain from considering non-coercive sexual activity between inmates to be sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not prohibit all sexual activity between inmates.)	yes
115.81 (a)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison).	yes
115.81 (b)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison.)	yes
115.81 (c)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a jail inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a jail).	yes
115.81 (d)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Is any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff as necessary to inform treatment plans and security management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law?	yes
115.81 (e)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Do medical and mental health practitioners obtain informed consent from inmates before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the inmate is under the age of 18?	yes
115.82 (a)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Do inmate victims of sexual abuse receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment?	yes
115.82 (b)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent sexual abuse is made, do security staff first responders take preliminary steps to protect the victim pursuant to § 115.62?	yes
	Do security staff first responders immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners?	yes

115.82 (c)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate?	yes
115.82 (d)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
115.83 (a)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility offer medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all inmates who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility?	yes
115.83 (b)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the evaluation and treatment of such victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody?	yes
115.83 (c)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility provide such victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care?	yes
115.83 (d)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are inmate victims of sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated offered pregnancy tests? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	na
115.83 (e)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If pregnancy results from the conduct described in paragraph § 115.83(d), do such victims receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawful pregnancy-related medical services? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	na
115.83 (f)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate?	yes
115.83 (g)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
115.83 (h)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If the facility is a prison, does it attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known inmate-on-inmate abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners? (NA if the facility is a jail.)	yes
115.86 (a)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded?	yes

115.86 (b)	Sexual abuse incident reviews		
	Does such review ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation?	yes	
115.86 (c)	Sexual abuse incident reviews		
	Does the review team include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners?	yes	
115.86 (d)	Sexual abuse incident reviews		
	Does the review team: Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse?	yes	
	Does the review team: Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or other group dynamics at the facility?	yes	
	Does the review team: Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse?	yes	
	Does the review team: Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts?	yes	
	Does the review team: Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff?	yes	
	Does the review team: Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.86(d)(1)-(d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the facility head and PREA compliance manager?	yes	
115.86 (e)	Sexual abuse incident reviews		
	Does the facility implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so?	yes	
115.87 (a)	Data collection		
	Does the agency collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions?	yes	
115.87 (b)	Data collection		
	Does the agency aggregate the incident-based sexual abuse data at least annually?	yes	
115.87 (c)	Data collection		
	Does the incident-based data include, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice?	yes	
115.87 (d)	Data collection		
	Does the agency maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews?	yes	
115.87 (e)	Data collection		
	Does the agency also obtain incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its inmates? (N/A if agency does not contract for the confinement of its inmates.)	yes	
115.87 (f)	Data collection		
	Does the agency, upon request, provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30? (N/A if DOJ has not requested agency data.)	yes	

115.88 (a)	Data review for corrective action		
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Identifying problem areas?	yes	
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Taking corrective action on an ongoing basis?	yes	
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Preparing an annual report of its findings and corrective actions for each facility, as well as the agency as a whole?	yes	
115.88 (b)	Data review for corrective action		
	Does the agency's annual report include a comparison of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and provide an assessment of the agency's progress in addressing sexual abuse?	yes	
115.88 (c)	Data review for corrective action		
	Is the agency's annual report approved by the agency head and made readily available to the public through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes	
115.88 (d)	Data review for corrective action		
	Does the agency indicate the nature of the material redacted where it redacts specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility?	yes	
115.89 (a)	Data storage, publication, and destruction		
	Does the agency ensure that data collected pursuant to § 115.87 are securely retained?	yes	
115.89 (b)	Data storage, publication, and destruction		
	Does the agency make all aggregated sexual abuse data, from facilities under its direct control and private facilities with which it contracts, readily available to the public at least annually through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes	
115.89 (c)	Data storage, publication, and destruction		
	Does the agency remove all personal identifiers before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available?	yes	
115.89 (d)	Data storage, publication, and destruction		
	Does the agency maintain sexual abuse data collected pursuant to § 115.87 for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection, unless Federal, State, or local law requires otherwise?	yes	
115.401 (a)	Frequency and scope of audits		
	During the prior three-year audit period, did the agency ensure that each facility operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited at least once? (Note: The response here is purely informational. A "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	yes	

115.401 (b)	Frequency and scope of audits		
	Is this the first year of the current audit cycle? (Note: a "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	no	
	If this is the second year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least one-third of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited during the first year of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the second year of the current audit cycle.)	yes	
	If this is the third year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least two-thirds of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, were audited during the first two years of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the third year of the current audit cycle.)	na	
115.401 (h)	Frequency and scope of audits		
	Did the auditor have access to, and the ability to observe, all areas of the audited facility?	yes	
115.401 (i)	Frequency and scope of audits		
	Was the auditor permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information)?	yes	
115.401 (m)	Frequency and scope of audits		
	Was the auditor permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees?	yes	
115.401 (n)	Frequency and scope of audits		
	Were inmates permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel?	yes	
115.403 (f)	Audit contents and findings		
	The agency has published on its agency website, if it has one, or has otherwise made publicly available, all Final Audit Reports. The review period is for prior audits completed during the past three years PRECEDING THIS AUDIT. The pendency of any agency appeal pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 115.405 does not excuse noncompliance with this provision. (N/A if there have been no Final Audit Reports issued in the past three years, or, in the case of single facility agencies, there has never been a Final Audit Report issued.)	yes	